

GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI  
TERMINAL EXAMINATION-2016  
GEOGRAPHY

Std: VIII

Date:6/10/2016

Marks:80mks

Time: 2hrs

---

Note: Attempt all questions.

**Section A**

QI Fill in the blanks with suitable words. [4]

1. A dense fog reduces \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Land and Sea breeze are experienced in \_\_\_\_\_ areas.
3. Four o'clock showers are mostly accompanied by \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Rainfall occurs in temperate and tropical regions
5. \_\_\_\_\_ lies partly in Europe and partly in Asia.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ are the dominate vegetation of the Taiga region of Europe.
7. The terminus of \_\_\_\_\_ Railway is in Moscow.

QII State whether the following statements are true or false. If false, then correct the statement and rewrite the same: [4]

1. Bora winds are cold and dry winds that blow along the shores of the Mediterranean Sea.
2. Warm air is more humid than cold air.
3. Dew drops are beneficial for plant growth.
4. Sugar cane is the chief source of sugar produced in Europe.
5. Pressure distribution generally contributed to the climate zones on the surface of the earth.
6. Poultry farming financially supports the European farmer.

QIII A Name the following: [6]

1. The portable instrument used to measure air pressure.
2. Wind that blows throughout the year in the same area.
3. The instrument used to measure the amount of moisture in the air.
4. The most destructive form of precipitation
5. The winds that blow in the cold ice cap region.
6. The highest peak in Europe.
7. The latitudinal extension of Europe.
8. A land mass surrounded by water bodies on three sides.
9. Any two continents that were colonial empires of Europe.
10. Any one volcanic mountain of Europe.
11. The river that empties its water into the English Channel.

QIIIB Match the columns. Rewrite the answer in a complete sentence. [5]

Column A	Column B
1. Trade Winds	a. Forms the backbone of Italy
2. Westerlies	b. The cultivation of fruits and flowers
3. Rain	c. Constant in strength and direction.
4. Drizzle	d. France
5. Apennines	e. Are not constant in strength and direction
6. Pennines	f. Sweden
7. Viticulture	g. Large water drops
8. Horticulture	h. Light rain with drops of small size
9. Volvo	i. Forms the backbone of United Kingdom.
10. Renault	j. Cultivation of grapes for wine.

QIIIC Complete the following crossword with the given clues. Detach the cross word sheet and attach it to the answer booklet: [5]

**Across**

1. The largest city in Germany.
2. A three letter that stands for the young fold mountain of Europe
3. An Arabic word which means seasons.
4. The degree of hotness and coldness of a place
5. Strong cold winds

**Down**

6. The temperate grassland of Europe
7. A fiber used for making linen
8. A single term to express the speed of wind
9. A mixture of snow and rain.
10. A self recording instrument for change in atmospheric pressure.

**Section B**

QIV On the outline map of Europe mark and name the following: [8]

- a. The capital cities of the following countries:
  - i. France
  - ii. Greece
  - iii. Spain
- b. The countries whose capitals are Amsterdam and Oslo
- c. Water bodies
  - i. Oceans - Arctic and Atlantic
  - ii. Seas - Mediterranean Sea and North Sea
  - iii. River - River Volga
  - iv. Strait of Gibraltar
- d. Mark and name any one country where lead is found.
- e. Mark and name any one country where Bauxite is found.
- f. Mountain - Ural Mountain
- g. Identify the smallest country and mark the same on the map.
- h. Mark the lowest point in Europe and name it.

## Section C

QV A Define the following terms: [8]

1. Atmospheric pressure
2. Humidity
3. Isohyets
4. Fjords
5. Mixed farming

QVB Distinguish the following terms with reference to the instructions given within brackets: [9]

1. Doldrum and Horse Latitude [location]
2. Winter monsoon and summer monsoon [Definition]
3. Absolute humidity and Relative humidity [Unit]
4. Arctic and Sub Arctic Regions [Climate]

QVI Answer the following questions: [12]

1. How are clouds formed?
2. List any four benefits of the large rivers of Europe.
3. What are 'inland deserts of Europe'?
4. Mention the characteristic of the trees found in the Mediterranean region that survive in dry summers.
5. State any three uses of timber found in the forest of Scandinavia.
6. How is the railway network of Europe different from the rest of the world?

QVII Give Geographical reasons for the following: [11]

1. When at sea the sailors avoid the Doldrum area.
2. North Westerlies are called the Roaring forties
3. The Deccan plateau receives little or no rainfall during the rainy season.
4. There are thousands of lakes found in Finland
5. Roads are a popular means of transport in Europe

**QVIII Picture Study**

- A. This is a picture of one of the famous sites in Europe. With reference to the given picture answer the following questions: [3]



- i. Identify this picture.
- ii. Where is it built?
- iii. In which city is it located ?
- iv. Name any two places of interest in this city.
- v. Name the royal head who resides in this city.

- B. This is one of the most famous animals found in Europe: [5]



1. Identify this picture.
2. In which region of Europe is it found ?
3. How does it adapt to the region?
4. How is it useful to the common man of the place?

\*\*\*\*\*