GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI FINAL EXAMINATION 2017 GEOGRAPHY

STD – VII DATE:16.02.16

MARKS 80 TIME: 1¹/₂ Hrs

ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY

Question 1

Name the following:

(7)a) The narrow stretch of land that connects North America to South America. [1] b) The lowest point of South America. [1] c) This separates South America from Antarctica. [1] d) The hottest areas in South America in January. [2] e) Two occupations the South American grasslands are suited for. [1] f) The two most commonly grown plants in Antarctica. [1]

Question 2

State whether the following statements are true or false. Correct the underlined part if the statement is false. (4)

- a) The Spaniards spread to the west of South America while the Mexicans remained in the south.
- b) The east coast of South America remains dry because of the warm Brazilian current.
- c) <u>The western side of Andes</u> has rivers which provide hydroelectric power to nearby areas.
- d) The greedy Portuguese raided and plundered the wealthy lncas.
- e) <u>South-east Brazil</u> is conducive to the growth of coffee.

Question 3

Give geographical reasons for the following:

 $(13\frac{1}{2})$ a) The mountains in the Andean Cordilleras not only provide natural beauty but also are a great hindrance. [1] b) The region located in west of Andes do not receive any rain. [2] c) Alpaca and llama are tamed by certain South American tribal people. [2] d) Peru is one of the major leading fish producing countries of the world. [2] e) South America is considered to be a sparsely populated continent. [2] f) Inspite of having good agricultural land, people don't live in the interior part of South America. $[1\frac{1}{2}]$ g) Pastoral industry is well developed in Argentina. (any 2 reasons) [2] h) Mining activity gets hampered in Antarctica. [1] Question 4 Fill in the blanks (write only answers) (4) a) _____ is the main occupation of the people living in the Andean towns. $[\frac{1}{2}]$ is related to the camel family but has a head and ears similar to a ______, legs like a stag and a tail like a horse. [1] b) c) Sheep and goats are mainly reared for wool and ______, and are raised in ______, and are raised in ______ areas of Chile, ______ desert of Argentina and

Uruguay. $[1\frac{1}{2}]$ d) _____ is a race of mixed Afro – American _____ blood.

[1]

Question 5

Match column A with column B (write the complete matched sentences)

	Column A		Column B
i)	Estuary	а	Member of OPEC
ii)	El Nino	b	A major town near the Pan-American
			highway
iii)	Venezuela	С	Lucerne
iv)	Natal	d	The meeting point of a river and a
			steam
v)	Alfalfa	е	Semi-liquid mixture
vi)	Slurry	f	Abnormal warming of surface water
		g	Vast cattle farm

Question 6

Differentiate between the following with reference to the given features:(3)a) Selvas and campos. (Vegetation belts)[1]b) Hot desert and Mediterranean vegetation. (Types of plants)[1]c) Commercial and agricultural waste. (Kinds of waste)[1]

Question 7

Answer the following questions briefly:

- a) How does Lake Titicaca unload its water?
 - b) With reference to the 'quebracho', answer the following questions:
 - i) Which regions are these trees found?
 - ii) What does the word 'quebracho' mean?
 - iii) What kind of timber do they generate?
 - iv) How is this tree helpful to us?
 - c) With reference to the map given below, answer the following questions:



i)	Identify the country and its capital.	[1]
ii)	How is the capital city industrially developed?	[1]
iii)	Describe its transport connectivity with other regions.	[2]
iv)	How does the said transport system demonstrate a lack of maintenance?	[21/2]

- d) Describe the two devices used by the cowboys to control the farm animals.
- e) List any four responsibilities shouldered by the cowboys.

 $(25\frac{1}{2})$

 $[2\frac{1}{2}]$

[1]

[1/2]

[1/2]

[1]

[2]

[2]

 f) How is the effectiveness of Guano maintained? g) Explain the mechanism of Vermi-composting. h) What was the agenda of the Nineteenth expedition of Antarctica? i) How can we contribute to the society while using the three-pronged strategy of disposing items? 	[2½] [3] [2] [2]
MAP WORK	(20)
 Question 8 On the given political map of South America, mark, shade and label the following: a) Stanley b) A landform in the Patagonian desert. c) A shield in the north eastern side of the continent. d) The region that receives rainfall owing to convectional rainfall. e) The wind which brings rainfall in winter in Chile. f) Warm temperate region. (Label it with its local name) g) The natural vegetation of the temperate desert. h) A tropical grassland through which the Tropic of Capricorn passes. i) Cayenne j) Print 'C' at a place close to the Tropic of Capricorn where Cocoa is found. k) Print 'R' at a place in Peru where Rubber is found. l) Print 'Cu' at a place which is the world's leading producer of Copper. m) Print 'O' for oil near L. Maracaibo. n) The climatic region of the Andean Cordillera. 	$[\frac{1}{2}]$ [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [$\frac{1}{2}]$ [$\frac{1}{2}]$ [1] [1] [1]
 Question 9 On the given map of Antarctica, mark, shade and label the following: a) An active volcanic mountain. b) The highest point. c) Antarctic Circle. d) The largest ocean. 	[1] [1] [1] [1]

- e) 70 S
- f) An ice-shield around the coast of east Antarctica.
- g) The sea close to the Antarctic Circle.h) A landmass closest to the Indian satellite stations.

[1]

[1]

[1] [1]