STD: X
Date: 24/09/2020

Marks: 60
Time: 2hrs

## Question 1

a. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}0 & -1 \\ 4 & -3\end{array}\right], B=\left[\begin{array}{c}-5 \\ \mathbf{6}\end{array}\right]$ and $3 A \times M=2 B$, find matrix $M$.
b. Find the number that must be subtracted from the polynomial $3 y^{3}+y^{2}-22 y+15$, so that the resulting polynomial is completely divisible by $(y+3)$.
c. Ahmed has a R.D. account in a bank. He deposits Rs. 2500 per month for 2 yrs. If he gets Rs.66, 250 at time of maturity. Find : i)interest paid by bank ii) Rate of interest

## Question 2

a. Using a graph paper, draw an Ogive for following distribution which shows marks obtained in Hindi. by 100 students.

| Marks | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 5 | 10 | 20 | 25 | 15 | 12 | 9 | 4 |

Use Ogive to estimate: i. Median ii)No. of students who score marks above 65.
iii)Inter quartile range
[6]
b. A mathematics aptitude test of 50 students was recorded as follows:

| Marks | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ | $90-100$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 4 | 8 | 14 | 19 | 5 |

Draw a histogram \& hence locate the mode.
[4]

## Question 3

a. Three coins are tossed together. Write all possible outcomes. Now, find the probability of getting: (i) Exactly two heads (ii) At least two heads (iii) At most two heads
[3]
b. Price of an article is equals to 9000 and rate of GST on it is equals to $18 \%$. A shopkeeper buys this article at a reduced price and sells it at its market price. If the shopkeeper paid rupees 162 CGST to the government find the amount paid by the shopkeeper (inclusive of GST)
[3]
c. Prove that: $(\operatorname{cosec} A-\sin A)(\sec A-\cos A)(\tan A+\cot A)=1$.

## Question 4

a. Calculate the mean of the distribution.

| Marks | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $-40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| No. of <br> student | 2 | 6 | $16-$ | 12 | 9 | 7 | 4 |

b. $\quad A \& B$ are two points on $x$-axis \& $y$-axis respectively. $P$ is mid-point of $A B$. Find:
i) Co-ordinates of $A \& B$.
ii) Slope of line $A B$.
iii) Equation of line $A B$.

[3]
c. On a graph paper, plot the triangle $A B C$ whose vertices are the points $A(5,4) B(7,5) C(-$ $3,6)$. On the same graph paper draw the image of the triangle under reflection in the line $y$ $=3$. Mark any two points on the graph paper which are invariant under this reflection. Also, write the coordinates of the points marked

## Question 5

a. Find the sum of the terms in the sequence: $5+8+11+$ $\qquad$ .+ 68
[3]
b. In the given figure, PQ is diameter chord $S R \| P Q . ~ L P Q R=65^{\circ}$, Calculate:
i) $\quad\llcorner R P Q$
ii) LSTP
c. Given $\mathrm{x}=\frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{a}^{2}+\mathbf{b}^{2}}+\sqrt{\mathbf{a}^{2}-\mathbf{b}^{2}}}{\sqrt{\mathbf{a}^{2}+\mathbf{b}^{2}}-\sqrt{\mathbf{a}^{2}-\mathbf{b}^{2}}}$ Use Componend and Dividendo to prove: $\mathrm{b}^{2}=\frac{\mathbf{2} \mathbf{a}^{2} \mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{x}^{2}+\mathbf{1}}$ [4]

## Question 6

a. Using remainder theorem, factories: $x^{3}+x^{2}-4 x-4$.
b. Solve the equation $3 x^{2}-x-7=0$ and give your answer correct up to two significant figures.
[3]
c. Find the range of values of $x$ which satisfies $-\mathbf{2} \frac{2}{3} \leq x+\frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{3}}<3 \frac{1}{3}, x \in R$ Graph these values of $x$ on number line.

