
INSTRUCTIONS: All the answers should be written on the answer paper provided to you. First 10 minutes should be allotted to reading the question paper.

SECTION I**(5)**

I. . Choose the correct options for the given question. Write the correct answer in words: (10)

1. Promotion of cottage industries in a village is a part of _____.
 - a. General principles
 - b. Gandhian principles
 - c. Principles Promoting Economic Equality
 - d. Constitutional Principle
2. The name given to the revenue system established during Akbar reign.
 - a. Todar Mal's Bandobast
 - b. Pilgrim tax
 - c. Din-i-Ilahi
 - d. Birbal's Bandobast
3. The era which is called as the 'Golden Age' of the Mughal empire.
 1. Babur's reign
 2. Humayun's reign
 3. Akbar's reign
 4. Jahangir's reign
4. Whom amongst the following received the trading rights from Emperor Jahangir?
 - a. Queen Victoria
 - b. Sir Thomas Roe
 - c. Lord Ripon
 - d. Lord Mountbatten
5. For whom was the Taj Mahal built?
 - a. Hamida Banu
 - b. Rani Laxmibai
 - c. Mumtaz Mahal
 - d. Nur Jahan
6. The two brothers who established the Vijayanagar Kingdom.
 - a. Sayyid Ali and Muhammad Ali
 - b. Harihara I and Bukka Raya I
 - c. Al Barauni and Ibn Batuta
 - d. Javed Ali and Naved Ali
7. The provinces in the Vijayanagar Kingdom are also called as?
 - a. Nadu
 - b. Mandalam

- c. Grama
 - d. panchayat
8. Mahumud Gawan led a _____ life.
- a. lavish
 - b. spartan
 - c. anxious
 - d. luxurious
9. The practice of _____ was prevalent in the Vijayanagar Kingdom.
- a. Child labour
 - b. Polygamy
 - c. Sati
 - d. Child marriage
10. Raichur Doab was situated between which two rivers?
- a. Between Ganga and Yamuna
 - b. Between Krishna and Tungabhadra
 - c. Between Krishna and Kaveri
 - d. Between Narmada and Tapi

SECTION II- HISTORY

- II. A. Fill in the blanks: (7)
1. The Bahmani kingdom was founded by _____.
 2. After the First Battle of Panipat Babur's army was _____ and _____, which made matters worse for him.
 3. In accordance with his father's dying wishes., Humayun treated his three younger brothers with _____ and _____.
 4. The _____ and _____ administration of the country was based on the mansabdari system introduced by Akbar.
 5. In 1680 CE, Aurangzeb turned his attention to the Deccan and renewed his efforts to annex the kingdoms of _____ and _____ and crush the power of the Marathas.
 6. _____, Akbar's new capital, contains many interesting Rajput-style buildings made of sandstone.
 7. The Vijayanagar kings were staunch Hindus, but they were _____ and _____ in their outlook.
- II. B. Answer in one word: (6)
1. Shah Jahan was also known as
 2. The Pearl Mosque is known as
 3. Any 2 items exported from the Vijayanagar kingdom
 4. The chief minister and general of Adil Shah who challenged the Mughal rule
 5. The author of Humayunnama
 6. The Persian traveller who was in awe with the Vijayanagar kingdom

C. Complete the following table:

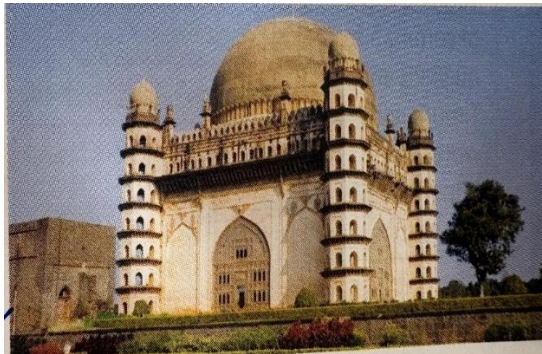
(5)

A	B
a. 1556 CE	1. _____
b. 1627 CE	2. _____
c. _____	3. Akbar built Ibadat Khana
d. _____	4. Battle of Haldighati
e. 1539 CE	5. _____

III. A. Picture Study:

(10)

With reference to the picture given below answer the questions that follow:(6)



1. Identify the above monument. (1)
2. Where is it located? Which ruler's tomb is it? (2)
3. Discuss any 3 features of this monument. (3)

B. With reference to the picture given below answer the questions that follow:(4)



1. Identify the personality in the above picture. (1)
2. Whom did she marry? (1)
3. What qualities did she possess that helped her in ruling? (2)

IV. Answer the following questions in detail:

(21)

1. Aurangzeb's rule was marked by the outbreak of numerous revolts. With the reference to the above statement state the reason responsible for these revolts. (3)

2. What was the impact of the long-standing wars between the Marathas and the Mughal on the Mughal empire. (3)
3. Mention any 3 enemies who challenged the Aurangzeb's authority during his early reign? (3)
4. Describe the council of ministers appointed by Akbar. (any 3) (3)
5. Write a note on the Battle of Ghagra. (3)
6. Discuss the military organisation set-up by Sher Shah. (3)
7. What was the objective of Din-i-Ilahi? State 2 of its features. (3)

SECTION III-CIVICS

V A. Fill in the blanks: (3)

1. _____ had improved the clean water, solar power and educational facilities in the Soda village.
2. The Article 47 of the Directive Principles states that the state is responsible for raising the _____ and _____ levels of the citizens.
3. The inclusion of the Directive Principles of State Policy was advocated by K. T. Shah who was an _____ and a member of the _____ Assembly.

B. Identify and name the category of the Directive Principles applicable, based on the situation provided: (7)

1. A village sets up its own panchayat.
2. The government tries to prevent the Taj Mahal from turning yellowish in colour.
3. Wildlife Sanctuaries have been established for the protection of lions.
4. Malti is working in L&T company and is paid on her merit.
5. Raju, a boy of 12, was prohibited to work and was provided admission in a government school..
6. The farmers are taught to use modern machines which will enhance their production.
7. Ramesh is finding it difficult to fulfil his basic needs as he is working at the construction site, where he is paid very less for the work he does.

VI. Answer the following questions in detail: (11)

1. What measures are taken by the government for the following:
 - a. To protect the children: (1)
 - b. The weaker section of the society (1)
2. How can a state be called as a welfare state? (any 3 points) (3)
3. What do you understand by the term Fundamental Rights? What can one do if they are deprived of their rights? (3)
4. Mention any 3 ways in which the government tries to promote economic equality. (3)
