GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI FINAL EXAMINATION 2018 **BIOLOGY**

Std: IX Marks: 80 Date: 08/02/2018 Time: 2 hrs

Answers to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately. You will **not** be allowed to write during the first 10 minutes. This time is to be spent in reading the Question paper. The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers. Section I is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from Section II.

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| | SECTION I (40 Marks) | |
|-------|--|-----|
| | Attempt all questions from this Section | |
| Que | estion 1 | |
| a) Na | ame the following: | [5] |
| i. | The category of similar species. | |
| ii. | The thick and condensed form of chromatin fibres. | |
| iii. | A gaseous waste consisting of fine solid particles of non-combustible ash. | |
| iv. | A flower with prominent nectaries. | |
| ٧. | A modified sebaceous gland which open on the margins of the eyelids. | |
| vi. | The fusion of polar nuclei and male gamete in a flower. | |
| vii. | The phylum which includes spiny skinned animals. | |
| viii. | The site of glycolysis. | |
| ix. | The dead protein present in the stratum corneum. | |
| Χ. | The condition in which calyx and corolla cannot be distinguished. | |
| b) Co | complete the following statements: | [5] |
| í. | residues include the plant parts left after obtaining the usable | |
| | portions. | |
| ii. | The skin on our fingers and palms forms and wh | ich |
| | provide a more efficient grip. | |
| iii. | The pollen tube enters the ovule through the | |
| iv. | Each breakdown step of glucose to carbon dioxide and water is due to a | |
| | particular | |
| ٧. | Mammals have chambered heart. | |
| ۷İ. | Cells of a have lots of leucoplasts in them. | |
| vii. | The outermost layer of animal cell is | |
| viii. | The set-up in which the condition under study is missing is called the | |
| ix. | When a flower arises in the axil of a leaf-like structure, this structure is known | ٧n |
| | as | |
| c) Di | ifferentiate on the basis of what is indicated in brackets: | [5] |
| i. | Stratum corneum and granular layer (function) | |
| ii. | Cat and tiger (scientific names) | |
| iii. | Plant and animal cell (vacuoles) | |

- Inflorescence and placentation (meaning) İΥ.
- Mining operations and construction units (waste generated) ٧.

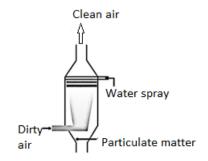
| -I\ - | alain tha fallandin n tanna. | | r <i>c</i> 1 | |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------|--|
| a) Exp i. | plain the following terms: Incineration | iv. Respiration | [5] | |
| ii. | Endothermal | v. Petaloid | | |
| iii. | Moulting | V. F Glaidiu | | |
| 111. | Woulding | | | |
| e) Wri | te the functional activity of the follo | owing structures: | [5] | |
| i. | Lysosomes | iv. Nematocysts in Hydra | | |
| ii. | Sepals | v. Tube nucleus | | |
| iii. | Hypothalamus | | | |
| f) Give | e scientific reasons for the followin | a: | | |
| i. | Pesticides and fertilizers are agric | • | [1] | |
| ii. | · · | | | |
| | material on scratching. | | [1] | |
| iii. | Nucleus is the most important part of the cell. | | | |
| iv. | Two kingdom classifications had several drawbacks. | | | |
| a) Giv | e two examples of each of the foll | owing. | [4] | |
| i. | Mammals which lay eggs | ownig. | Γ.1 | |
| ii. | Unisexual flowers | | | |
| iii. | E-waste | | | |
| iv. | Inlets of respiration in plants | | | |
| h) The | e figure below shows an animal. | | | |
| , | 1 | | | |
| | | | | |
| i. | Identify the animal. | | [½] | |
| ii. | To which phylum does it belong? | | [½] | |
| iii. | State two identifying features of t | his phylum. | [1] | |
| iv. | What is binomial nomenclature? | | | |
| ٧. | Mention two differences between | invertebrates and vertebrates. | [2] | |
| | SEC | CTION II (40 Marks) | | |

Attempt any **four** questions from this section

Question 2

(b)

(a) State two important characteristics of respiration. [2]



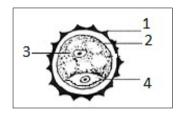
Given alongside is a device used to remove particulate matter from the air. Identify the device and state the method of removal of pollutants using this device. [2]

| (c) Write short notes on the following: | [3] |
|---|-----|
|---|-----|

- i. Vasoconstriction ii. Prokaryotic cell
- (d) Give three points of difference between respiration in plants and animals. [3]

Question 3

(a) Study the diagram given below and answer the following:



- i. Identify the figure.
 - $[\frac{1}{2}]$
- ii. Label parts 1 to 4.

[2]

iii. Give the function of part 4.

[1]

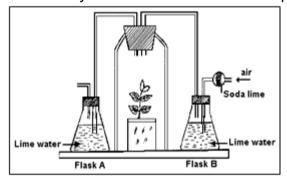
iv. Is it a male or female part?

 $[\frac{1}{2}]$

- (b) Write equations to represent aerobic and anaerobic respiration. [2]
- (c) State the three major points of the Cell Theory. [3]
- (d) What is dry composting? [1]

Question 4

(a) The apparatus given below was set-up to demonstrate a particular process occurring in plants. Study the same and answer the questions that follow:



- i. What is the aim of the experiment? [1]
- ii. Why is soda lime placed in the tube? [1]
- iii. What change, if any, would you observe in the lime water in flask A and in flask B? In each case give a reason for your answer. [2]
- iv. Mention one precaution that should be taken to ensure more accurate [1] result.
- (b) Some people have a fair complexion while others are dark. Some persons turn darker when they work in the sun.
 - i. Name the pigment responsible for the complexion. [½]
 - ii. Where is the above pigment located in our skin? [½]
- iii. How is this pigment useful to our body? [1]
- iv. Explain two abnormal conditions of skin pigmentation. [2]

- (c) Identify the following phyla: [1] Segmented worms ii. Sac-like animals **Question 5** (a) Draw a neat diagram of an animal cell and label the following parts: [3] Supportive framework for the cell Regulates the entry of certain solutes and ions ii. iii. Protein synthesis ίV. Initiates and regulates cell division Gives turgidity to the cells ٧. Synthesis and secretion of hormones νi. (b) Give the advantages of incineration. [3] (c) The following figure represents the cross-section of a whorl of a flower. i. Label the parts 1 to 3. $[1\frac{1}{2}]$ ii. How are contents of part 1 usually ejected? [1] iii. What is the collective name for the organs of this kind? $[\frac{1}{2}]$ (d) What are the two portions into which the municipal sewage is separated? [1] **Question 6** (a) Given below is the diagrammatic representation of the process of fertilization. Study the same and answer the questions that follow: i. Define fertilization. ii. Name the parts 1, 2, 3 and 7. iii. What happens to part 4 on fertilization? iv. Describe changes seen in parts 5 and 6 on [1] fertilization. [1]
 - v. What is 'double fertilization'?
- (b) What functions do the following structures perform? [4] Erector muscle of hair iii. Sebaceous gland i.
 - ii. Adipose tissue iv. Nail matrix
