GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI Terminal Examination 2018

Std: X HISTORY/CIVICS Marks: 80
Date:25/09/18 Time: 2 hrs

Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory). A total of 5 questions are to be attempted from Part II. Two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.

PART -I (30 MARKS)

Question 1 [10]

- a) How is the Prime Minister of India appointed and by whom?b) State the significance of the Cabinet ministers.
- c) Mention any one qualification needed, besides being the citizen of India, to be elected as the President of India.
- d) Elucidate the role of a speaker as the head of the Parliamentary Committees.
- e) What is Anti-Defection Law?
- f) What is the difference in the term of office between the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha?
- g) What is the tenure of a Judge of the Supreme Court?
- h) Who presides over the meeting of the state cabinet?
- i) Give an account of the composition of the Supreme Court.
- j) Mention any one difference between the Council of Ministers and the Cabinet.

Question 2 [20]

- i) State any two aims of the Indian National Congress.
- ii) What was the Ilbert Bill controversy?
- iii) List the contribution of Raja Rammohan Roy as a social reformer.
- iv) Mention a few newspapers and the role played by them to awaken the national sentiments of the Indians.
- v) How did the activities of the missionaries become one of the major socio-religious causes of the revolt of 1857?
- vi) Mention the two places where the first two sessions of the Indian National Congress took place and name the personalities who presided over them.
- vii) Why was the second Round Table conference a failure?
- viii) What was the basis of the formation of the League of Nations?
 - ix) State any two objectives of the Forward Bloc.
 - x) Elaborate any two ways in which the people protested the partition of Bengal in 1905?

PART II SECTION A - CIVICS

Attempt any 2 questions from this section

(3)

(3)

Question 3

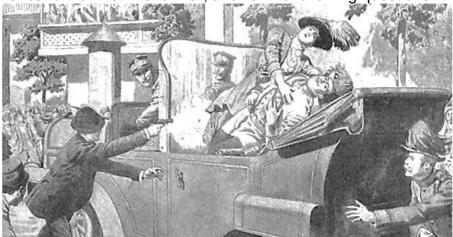
With reference to the functioning of the Supreme Court of India; answer the following questions;

- i) Mention the three qualifications needed to be a judge of the Supreme Court.
- ii) Expound the following writs as the means to safeguard the Fundamental Rights of the citizens:
 - a) Mandamus
 - b) Writ of Prohibition

iii) Explain the following terms: a) Revisory Jurisdiction b) Judicial Review	(4)
 Question 4 With reference to the Union Parliament, answer the following questions: i) Give an account of the composition of the Lok Sabha. ii) 'Rajya Sabha is a permanent House'; Discuss the significance of the statement. iii) State the meaning of the term,' Adjournment Motion'; Mention the conditions when the House can be adjourned. 	(3) (3) (4)
Question 5 With reference to the position and powers of the Prime Minister, answer the followin questions: i) Mention any three features of the Prime Minister as the leader of the nation. ii) Elaborate on the administrative powers of the Cabinet with regard to the Policy Miii) Give a detailed account of the two terms: a) The principle of Collective Responsibility b) Individual Responsibility	(3)
SECTION B - HISTORY Attempt any three questions from this Section Question 6	
 With reference to the First War of Independence, answer the following questions: i) Elaborate on the economic causes of the uprising of 1857 with reference 'Drain of Wealth' theory . ii) Mention any three provisions of Queen Victoria's Proclamation. 	to the (3)
iii) How did the law of property and the oppression of the poor add to the socreligious causes of the revolt of 1857?	cio- (4)
Question 7 With reference to the events leading to the formation of the Muslim League, answe following questions: i) List the role of Sir Sayyid Ahmad Khan as one of the main factors leading formation of Muslim League (3 ii) What was the significance of the Lucknow pact? (3 (Answer with reference to Hindus and Muslims) iii) State the objectives of the Muslim League.	to the
Question 8 With reference to Mahatma Gandhi and the National Movement, answer the following questions;	ng
i) Give a detailed account of the Dandi March. ii) Khilafat Movement that led to the Non Cooperation Movement. iii) State the terms of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact.	(3) (3) (4)

Question 9

With close reference to the First World War, answer the following questions:



i)	Identify the event. State how it turned out to be the immediate cause of	
	World War I?	(3)
ii)	Give an account of the race for armaments being one of the major causes	
·	of the war.	(3)

(4)

(3)

iii) List any four terms of the Treaty of Versailles.

Question 10

With close reference to the Independence and the Partition of India, answer the following questions:

- i) Why did the Cabinet Mission Plan reject the demand for Pakistan? (3)ii) List any three reasons why the Mountbatten Plan was accepted by the Muslim
 - League and the Congress.
- iii) Mention the provisions of Partition, according to the Indian Independence Act of 1947. (Answer with reference to Bengal, Punjab and NWFP) (4)
