



**GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL
FINAL EXAMINATION 2017**

**Subject: History and Civics
Class: VIII**

**Marks: 80
Time: 2Hrs**

Answers to Part I of the question paper have to be answered on the sheet itself. Answers to Part II of the question paper have to be written in the answer booklet provided.

**Part I
Indian History**

- I. Do as Directed. (5)
1. Rabindranath Tagore described Rajaram Mohan Roy as _____
_____ (Complete the sentence with the term used for him)
 2. The Singh Sabha was set up in _____ and _____
for religious reforms among the Sikhs. (Fill in the blanks with the cities it was established in)
 3. The foundation of the Indian National congress was laid by _____

(Complete the sentence with the name of the founder and its date of establishment.)
 4. The Indian historians refer to the Revolt as the Great Revolt or _____
_____ (Name the other phrase used to refer to it)
 5. Nanasaheb, the adopted son of Peshwa Bajirao II was _____
_____ (State the reason why he became the Company's enemy.)
- II. State whether the following sentences are True or False, if false correct the underlined words. (4)
1. The first session of Congress was held in Chennai.

 2. The English language acted as an obstacle between the educated Indians from various parts of the country.

 3. European scholars who researched Indian past were called as Indologists.

 4. Vidyasagar campaigned against polygamy and child marriage.

5. The Santhal uprising in Bengal was suppressed by the British.

III. Match the Columns and write the correct answers in column C in words. (3)

- A
1. Lord Bentick
 2. Lord Dalhousie
 3. Surrendranath Banerjee
 4. Guru Ram Singh
 5. Dadabhai Naoroji
 6. Sir Sayed Ahmed Khan

- B
- a. Parsi reformer
 - b. Aligarh movement
 - c. Sikh reformer
 - d. Banned Sati
 - e. Widow Remarriage Act
 - f. Kuka rebellion
 - g. Indian National Conference

Answers to be written below in words

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

World History

IV. Fill in the blanks. (6)

1. _____ and _____ were two most powerful countries of League of Nations.
2. The war between China and Japan was called _____ - _____ war.
3. The _____ is the legislative body of the United Nations.
4. China was torn by civil war and was divided into _____ China and _____ China.
5. The Cold war ended with the disintegration of the erstwhile _____.
6. The head of the Secretariat is called _____.

V. Give the full form of the following acronyms. (4)

1. SALT
-

2. EEC

3. NATO

4. SAARC

CIVICS

VI. Name the following. (5)

1. The agreement signed to create a free trade area within South Asian region.

2. Any two member countries of SAARC.

3. The court at the apex of Indian Judiciary and its location.

4. Any two types of subordinate courts.

5. The scheme under which free legal services are provided to weaker sections of society.

VII. Complete the Table. (4)

Agency	Full form	Headquarters	Year of Establishment
UNICEF	United Nations Children Fund	_____	_____
ILO	_____ _____	Hague	_____
FAO	_____ _____	_____	1945

PART II
Indian History

VIII. Answer Briefly. [15]

1. How did the humiliation of Bahadur Shah Zafar act as a cause of the Revolt of 1857? (3)
2. State the objectives of the Indian National Congress. (3)
3. Which discriminatory policies of the British were resented by the Indian intellectuals? (3)
4. Which religious ideas were propagated by Rajaram Mohan Roy based on the philosophy of the Vedas? (3)
5. How did the economic exploitation of India expose the true nature of British rule? (3)

World History

IX. Answer Briefly. [10]

1. State the objectives of Non-Aligned Movement. (3)
2. Why did Hitler's invasion of Russia end in failure? (3)
3. Name the countries that signed the Geneva Agreement. What was agreed upon according to it? (2)
4. Mention the results of World War II with reference to: (2)
 - i. Division of Germany.
 - ii. Growth of Communism.

Civics

X. Answer Briefly. [12]

1. What are the functions of UNECSO? With what belief was it established? (3)
2. Mention the activities undertaken by the FAO. (3)
3. What measure have been adopted by the governments of various countries to control their population? (3)
4. What are the qualifications required to be a judge of the High Court? How can the judges of the High Court be removed from their position? (3)

XI. Study the given pictures and answer the following questions [12]

A. With reference to Picture 1 answer the following questions:

1. Identify the person in the picture. Where was he stationed as a sepoy of the Company's army? (1)
2. Why was he executed on the orders of the Company? (1)
3. State the rumour in the Company's army which became the immediate cause of the Revolt of 1857? (2)

B. With reference to Picture 2 answer the following questions:

1. Identify this organisation? Where is it located? (1)
2. What are the basic principles of its Declaration called? When was this organisation established? (1)
3. Mention any two aims of this organisation. (2)

C. With reference to Picture 3 answer the following questions:

1. Identify this regional association. Give its full form. (1)
2. When and where was it established? (1)
3. Mention any 4 member nations of this association. (2)

PICTURE 1



PICTURE 2



PICTURE 3

