

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL Terminal Examination 2017-2018

Std.: 6 A/B/C

a table.

Marks: 80

Sub.: Computer Science Time: 11/2 hrs. SECTION A (SECTION A TO BE SOLVED ON QUESTION PAPER AND ATTACH IT TO THE MAIN SUPPLEMENT) Q.1) FILL IN THE BLANKS: (ONLY ANSWERS) [10 M] 1. To select adjacent cells in a table, click one cell, press and hold _____ key and then click the other cells. 2. A _____ is a PowerPoint presentation that you create to display a series of photographs. 3. When a table is selected, the Table Tools tab appears on the ribbon under which two tabs appear: ____and ____ 4. _____ anywhere on the top margin to open the header and footer areas. 5. _____ is the process of merging the main document and the data source. 6. _____ is the world's fastest supercomputer. _____ are considered Low Level Languages. 8. _____ automatically resizes the columns in

| 9. Theused holes in |
|---|
| punched cards as input to generate decorative patterns |
| automatically. |
| 10 and are examples of Assembly |
| Language. |
| |
| Q.2)State whether True or False. If False, then correct the |
| underlined word [8 M] |
| 1. The default border color of a table is white. |
| |
| 2. Charles Babbage created the first high level programming |
| language for computers. |
| |
| 3. Lady Ada Lovelace wrote the first computer program. |
| 1 The computers are electified on the basis of cost and |
| 4. The computers are classified on the basis of cost and |
| capacity. |
| 5. To close Header and Footer press Delete key. |
| o. To close Fledder and Footer proce <u>Beliete</u> Rey. |
| 6. The two additional tabs under Audio Tools are : Format |
| and Design . |
| |

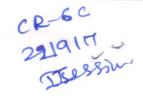
| Move through the cells in a table. Insert Footnote. Move to the next cell in a table. Insert Endnote. Move backward in a table. | 1. | To delete a video, select the video and then press the |
|--|------|---|
| Q.3) Write the shortcut keys: [6 1. Move through the cells in a table. 2. Insert Footnote. 3. Move to the next cell in a table. 4. Insert Endnote. 5. Move backward in a table. 6. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers) 2. Super Computers | | Backspace key. |
| Move through the cells in a table. Insert Footnote. Move to the next cell in a table. Insert Endnote. Move backward in a table. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers) Super Computers | 8. | SmartArt are grouped into six categories. |
| 2. Insert Footnote. 3. Move to the next cell in a table. 4. Insert Endnote. 5. Move backward in a table. 6. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab. Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers) 2. Super Computers | Q.3) | Write the shortcut keys : [6 M] |
| 3. Move to the next cell in a table. 4. Insert Endnote. 5. Move backward in a table. 6. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers 2. Super Computers | 1. | Move through the cells in a table. |
| 4. Insert Endnote. 5. Move backward in a table. 6. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers) 2. Super Computers | 2. | Insert Footnote. |
| 5. Move backward in a table. 6. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers 2. Super Computers | 3. | Move to the next cell in a table. |
| 6. The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a tab Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each 1. Mainframe Computers 2. Super Computers | 4. | Insert Endnote. |
| Q.4) Give examples for the following: (2 example each of the following) (2 example each of the following) (3 example each of the following) (2 example each of the following) (3 example each of the following) (4 example each of the following) (5 example each of the following) (5 example each of the following) (6 example each of the following) (7 example each of the following) (8 example each of the following) (9 | 5. | Move backward in a table. |
| Mainframe Computers Super Computers | 6. | The key used to select non - adjacent cells in a table. |
| 2. Super Computers | Q.4) | |
| | 1. | Mainframe Computers [6 M] |
| 3. High Level Languages | 2. | Super Computers |
| | 3. | High Level Languages |

| 4. | Fourth Generation Languages |
|----|---|
| 5. | Fifth Generation Languages |
| 6. | Micro Computers |
| | Application Based Questions: [4] Sudhir wants to combine three cells of a table row. Suggest the option which he should use for this purpose. |
| 2. | Neha created a table in Word 2013. When she brings the mouse pointer near the row border, she notices a plus sign. What is the purpose of this plus sign? |
| 3 | Priya has to insert the date at the bottom of each page in her Word 2013 document. How can she complete this task? |
| 4 | Tarun wants that his company name should appear behind the text in a document. Which feature of Word 2013 should he use? |
| | |

SECTION B

NOTE: ALL THE ANSWERS ON THE ANSWER SHEETS

| 1. Define : | 13 M] |
|--|----------|
| a) Template | |
| b) Screenshot | |
| c) Animation | |
| d) Main document | |
| e) Watermark | |
| f) Custom table | |
| g) Rows and Columns | |
| h) Data source | |
| i) SmartArt | |
| j) Form Letters | |
| k) Table | |
| I) Transition | |
| m) Cells | |
| 2. Which are the four ways in which a table can be created | ated? |
| 2. Willow are the loar ways in which a table can be ores | [2 M] |
| 3. Write in short about : | [4 M] |
| a) Headers and Footers | [, ,,,] |
| b) Footnote and Endnote | |
| 4. Explain about the three different types of Micro comp | outers |
| 4. Explain about the times different types of whole comp | |
| | [3 M] |
| 5. What are the computer languages? | [1 M] |
| 6. What are the uses of Mail Merge? | [2 M] |
| 7. Explain in detail about the following computers : | [4 M] |
| a) Minicomputers | |
| b) Mainframe Computers | |
| 8. Explain the 4 groups of Design Tab in SmartArt. | [4 M] |
| 9. Write in brief: | [8 M] |
| a) First Generation Computers | |
| b) Second Generation Computers | |
| c) Third Generation Computers | |
| d) Fourth Generation Computers | |
| 10. Explain the four types of Animations. | [2 M] |



11. What are the features of Super Computers? [1 M]12. Explain the different options under the Playback tab of Video Options group. [2 M]

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