

**GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL
FINAL EXAMINATION YEAR 2018**

SUBJECT : HISTORY & CIVICS
TIME : 1 ½ HOURS

CLASS : VII
MARKS : 80

Section A – Objective Type Question

Answers to all the questions to this section are to be written on this question paper itself. Detach only this section and attach it to your answer booklet.

Name : _____ Div : _____ Roll No: _____
Indian History

I A Fill in the blanks. (5)

1. The Bhakti saints drew their inspiration from the _____ and the _____.
2. When Babur was 14 years old, he fulfilled his dream of conquering _____.
3. The _____ established their trading centres on the west coast during Akbar's reign.
4. Travellers like _____ from Portugal and _____ from Persia were impressed by the grandeur and splendor of the Vijaynagar Kingdom.
5. Sher Shah divided his kingdom into 47 provinces or _____.
6. Sikhism is also referred to as _____.
7. Chanderi was a Rajput strong hold in Malwa under the leadership of _____.
8. Rana Pratap organized an army and clashed with the Mughal forces in the Battle of _____ in 1576 CE.

I B Match columns and write the answers in words in the space given below. (4)

A

B

1. Prince Khurran
2. Alwars
3. Salim
4. Mir Saman
5. Abul Fazl
6. Nayanars
7. Mir Bakshi
8. Tulsidas

- a. devotees of Lord Shiva
- b. superior of the royal household
- c. Shah Jahan
- d. devotees of Lord Vishnu
- e. Ramcharitamaras *Ramcharitmanas*
- f. head of the military department
- g. Jahangir
- h. author of Akbarnama

1. _____
2. _____

3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

I C State whether the following statements are true or false. If false, correct the underlined words. (4)

1. The ruins of Vijaynagar at Madhurai reflect the glory and grandeur of the city. _____

2. The Peacock Throne was carried to Persia by Malik Ambar in 1739 CE. _____

3. Rupia was the standard silver coin introduced by Sher Shah. _____

4. Saint Dyaneshwar spread the message of bhakti lyrical poems called dohas. _____

5. The Bahmani rulers patronized Islam. _____

I D Name the following. (5)

1. A peace-loving sect of peasants, artisans and traders. _____
2. The rest houses built by Sher Shah. _____
3. The two founders of the Vijaynagar Kingdom. _____
4. The foreign nobles in the Bahmani Kingdom. _____
5. Humayun's faithful and experienced general. _____
6. The nephew of Sher Shah who was determined to capture the throne of Delhi and reestablish Afghan rule. _____
7. The belief that there is only one God. _____
8. The daughter of Ratan Singh Rathor of Merta. _____
9. A new capital city built by Shah Jahan. _____

I E. Complete the following statements.

(5)

1. A false rumour about Shah Jahan's death triggered a _____

2. People belonging to the lower castes, especially the shudras, could not understand the hymns and the mantras because _____

3. Sulh-i-kul means _____

4. Raichur Doab was the _____

5. Fatehpur Sikri, Akbar's new capital city contains many interesting _____

Civics

II A Identity the Fundamental Rights applicable in the following situation.

(4)

1. A citizen goes to worship to a place of his choice. _____
2. A citizen moves to a court to seek justice. _____
3. A citizen cannot be forced to work without payment. _____
4. Rama, a cobbler's son was admitted in school last year. _____

II B Fill in the blanks.

(3)

1. The 44th Amendment, passed in 1978, deleted the Right to _____ from the list of Fundamental Rights and made it a _____ right.
2. The Directive Principles have been inspired by the Constitution of _____ and also by the _____ Principles.
3. Some of the Fundamental Rights can be suspended during an _____.
4. Every right has a corresponding _____.

Section B
Subjective Type Questions

Note :- All the answers to this section are to be written in the answer booklet.

INDIAN HISTORY

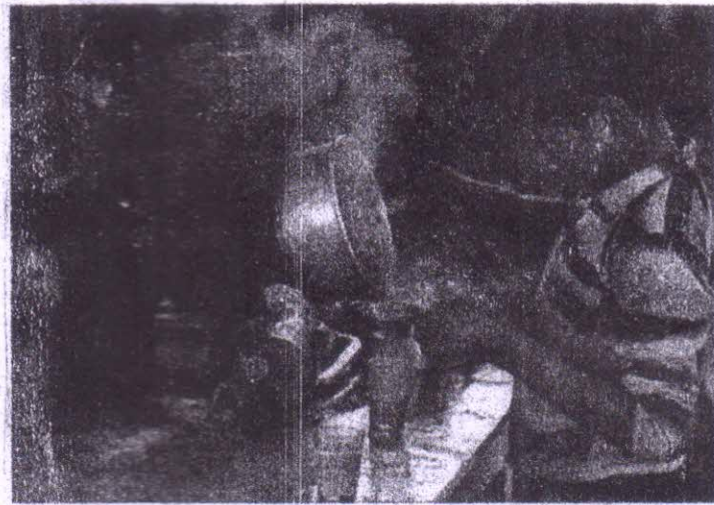
- III Explain the following terms. (3)
1. Khalsa –
 2. Din-i-Ilahi –
 3. Jauhar –
- IV Answer the following questions briefly. (17)
1. Explain the causes for the rise of Bhakti Movement in India with reference to
a) Hindu Religion (2)
b) Islamic Philosophy
 2. Why is Jahangir called a benevolent ruler and a great lover of justice? (2)
 3. What measures did Akbar adopt in order to unite the diverse races in India into one nation? (any 2 points) (2)
 4. State any 2 social reforms introduced by Akbar. (2)
 5. What steps did Sher Shah take in order to improve trade within his ^{em}pire? (3)
 6. How do we know that the Bahmani kings were great builders? (3)
 7. Write a short note on teachings of Saint Kabir. (3)
- V Give reasons for the following statements. (6)
1. The Mughal Empire weakened after Aurangzeb's death. (any 2 points) (2)
 2. Sher Shah built a strong communication network. (2)
 3. Akbar decided to have friendly relations with the Rajputs. (2)
- VI A Observe the given picture and answer the following questions. (5)



1. Identify the queen in the given picture. (1/2)
2. What was her original name? (1/2)

VIII Study the given picture and answer the following questions.

(4)



1. Identify the Fundamental Right (1)
2. What does the above mentioned right aims at? (1)
3. State the provisions made by the Government of India in order to safeguard this right. (2)