

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL  
TERMINAL EXAMINATION 2020

STD:VII  
SUBJECT: HISTORY & CIVICS

MARKS:60  
TIME:2 HOURS

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Instructions: Attempt all questions. Answers to all the questions need to be written on the composition sheet only. For the objectives **do not** copy the questions, write only the correct answers with the question number. After the completion of the paper the students need to upload clear pictures of the composition sheets as a **PDF file**. The file should be named as student's Roll No, name Std & Div, subject.

**CIVICS**

**Q.1 Fill in the blanks.** **[5 marks.]**

1. The Constitution of India was framed by the \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
2. The Constitution of India came into force on \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A \_\_\_\_\_ can work only if there is a spirit of \_\_\_\_\_ and oneness among the different sections of society.
4. Every citizen shall enjoy certain \_\_\_\_\_ such as freedom to think and express oneself.
5. India won freedom from the British on \_\_\_\_\_.

**HISTORY**

**Q.2 Fill in the blanks.** **[6 marks]**

1. The word \_\_\_\_\_ comes from the \_\_\_\_\_ word which means time in the middle.
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ became the religious headquarters of the Christian world.
3. As the wealth of the church increased, the church became increasingly \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ demanding total submission to its dictates.
4. Muhammad forbade \_\_\_\_\_ and stressed the importance of good and kind behaviour.
5. The Persian poet \_\_\_\_\_, author of the great epic \_\_\_\_\_ was patronized by Mahmud.
6. The Deccan expeditions of Alauddin Khilji were led by \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q.3 Match the columns and write the correct answer in words. [5 marks.]**

A	B
1. Alauddin Khilji	a) won the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Battle of Tarain
2. Mahmud of Ghazni	b) overthrew Sena dynasty of Bengal
3. Prithviraj Chauhan	c) permanent standing army.
4. Muhammad Ghori	d) Somnath expedition
5. Muhammad- bin- Bakhtiar Khilji	e) Rajput Confederacy

**Q.4 Name the following. [6 marks.]**

1. The Christian rite of sprinkling water on a person's forehead symbolising purification and admission to the Christian Church.
2. The invasions of the various Germanic tribes such as the Goths, Vandals and Franks.
3. The separate monasteries where the nuns lived.
4. The title given to the successor of the Prophet.
5. The theory believed by Ghiyasuddin Balban.
6. The monument built by Alauddin Khilji as the entrance to the Qutb Minar.

**Q.5 State whether the following statements are true or false, if false correct the underlined word. [6 marks.]**

1. Jesus rejected 'an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth' principle.
2. Paul was called the foundation rock of Christianity.
3. The Old Testament is the book which contains the life and teachings of Jesus.
4. A monastery was usually a large building surrounded by gardens, orchards, fields and ponds.
5. The Arab empire stretched over Iran, Syria, Central Asia, North Africa and Spain.
6. The two holy places of the Muslims are Mecca and Baghdad.
7. Balban is considered as the true founder of the Delhi Sultanate.
8. Alauddin Khilji did not allow the nobles to intermarry without his permission.

### CIVICS

**Q.6 Answer the following briefly. [6 marks]**

1. Explain the term Constitution. (2)
2. State any 2 importance of the Preamble. (2)
3. What is the significance of the objective of the Equality in the Indian Constitution? (2)

## HISTORY

**Q.7 Answer the following in one sentence.**

**[6 marks]**

1. Who was King David? (1)
2. Name the two educational institutes which developed from monasteries. (1)
3. Which important event occurred in the life of Muhammad in 610 CE? (1)
4. Explain the term Hijrat. (1)
5. Why were most of the attacks of Mahmud of Ghazni directed towards temple towns of India? (1)
6. Which two powerful kingdoms were established in the south after the failure of Muhammad-bin-Tughlaq's schemes? (1)

**Q.8 Answer the following briefly.**

**[15 marks]**

1. How did the crusades help to give a boost to the economy of Europe? (Mention any 2 points) (2)
2. How did Iltutmish protect India from the threat of a Mongol invasion? (2)
3. What was the contribution of Emperor Constantine in the establishment of Christianity in Europe? (Mention any 2 points) (2)
4. Mention 3 main principles of Islam. (3)
5. What measures did Balban take to strengthen his position as a ruler? (Any three points) (3)
6. Mention any 3 revenue reforms introduced by Alauddin Khilji. (3)

**Q.9. Observe the given picture and answer the following questions. [5 marks]**



1. Identify and name the ruler in the given picture. (1)
2. Why did this ruler decide to increase land revenue in the Ganga-Yamuna Doab region? (2)
3. Name the place where this ruler shifted his capital to. What was his new capital renamed as? (2)

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