



GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL

STD 9C

CHEMISTRY TERMINAL EXAMINATION

40 MARKS

Qs 1 Name the following (5)

- a) A charged particle
- b) Compound formed when dry hydrogen and dry chlorine react in the presence of diffused sunlight
- c) Composition of water gas
- d) A metal which burns with a golden yellow flame
- e) A compound having 3 single covalent bonds

Qs 2 A)) Define (2)

- a) Atomic mass number
- b) Hydrogenation of oil

B)) State (3)

- a) Boyles law
- b) Law of triads
- c) Moseleys law

Qs 3 X and Y are atoms of elements (5)

- a) Which group and period do X and Y belong to?
- b) Draw the atomic structure of the compound formed when X and Y combine
- c) What type of a bond does it have?
- d) Give a reason for your answer

Qs 4) With respect to the lab preparation of hydrogen (5)

- Give an equation for the same
- How is the gas collected? Why?
- Give a test for the gas
- Give an equation to convert hydrogen to ammonia
- How would you prepare hydrogen using an alkali, Give an equation

Qs 5 With respect to the modern periodic table (5)

- Name elements of period 2
- Give 2 differences between groups IA and VIIA
- Why is hydrogen placed in group IA and group VIIA (Give one reason for each)
- What are bridge elements? Give an example
- List 2 characteristics of zero group

Qs 6 A) Find the percentage of nitrogen in ammonium sulphate (2)

$N=14, S=32, H=1, O=16$

B) Draw the atomic structure of Sodium oxide (3)

Na= O

Qs 7 With respect to the large scale preparation of hydrogen, answer the questions that follow (5)

- Name the process
- Give equations for the preparation of hydrogen
- How would you separate the hydrogen obtained from its impurities
- Hydrogen is useful in the metallurgy industry, Justify with the help of an equation

Qs 8 A) What would you observe

- i) When copper carbonate is heated
- ii) Concentrated hydrochloric acid is added to manganese dioxide
- iii) Dilute hydrochloric acid is added to sodium sulphite

B Give 2 differences between electrovalent and covalent bond