

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL
FINAL EXAMINATION YEAR 2021- 2022

SUBJECT : GEOGRAPHY
TIME : 1 HOUR

CLASS : VIII
MARKS : 40

SECTION A

I. Name the following - (5)

1. The northernmost tip of India in the Northern Mountains –
2. A valley that lies between the lesser and outer Himalayas –
3. The largest tributary of River Ganga –
4. In Tibet, River Brahmaputra is known as –
5. Hot and dry local wind of Rajasthan –

II. State whether the following statements are True or False. (4)

1. Cardamom is called the king of spices -
2. The lesser Himalayas are also known as Shiwalik -
3. Kerala is known as the 'Spice garden of India.' -
4. Sundari tree is the best known mangrove tree -

III. Match the following columns. (4)

- | A | B |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Karakoram Pass | a. Punjab |
| 2. India's Bread Basket | b. Lesser Himalayas |
| 3. Dehra Dun | c. Himachal Pradesh |
| 4. Pir Panjal Range | d. Jammu and Kashmir |
| | e. Outer Himalayas |

Answers -

1- _____ 2- _____ 3- _____ 4- _____

IV. Give one example for the following - (2)

1. Wildlife found in Eravikulam Sancturay –
2. National park in Rajasthan –
3. The rainiest place in Meghalaya –
4. Grass that grows upto a height of 2m in the tropical dry forest -

SECTION B

V. Give geographical reasons-

1. Perennial crops are preferred over annual crops. [6]
(1)
2. Tropical forests are known as evergreen forests. (1)
3. The Indus-Ganga-Brahmaputra plain is the most fertile and productive plains in the world. (2)
4. Tamil Nadu receives high rainfall in winter. (2)

VI. Answer the following questions-

1. Define the term 'Nor' westers.' [9]
(1)
2. What is a Sanctuary? (1)
3. What is known as the Deccan Trap region? (1)
4. Give any two advantages of the Northern Plains. (2)
5. How do the Himalayas play an important play by serving as a climatic barrier? (2)
6. How do the mangrove forests help in saving the coast? (2)

V. On a blank political map of Asia, which was already given to you mark, shade and label the following:- [10]

A] MAP 1

Neighbouring countries:

1. Nepal (5)
2. Bangladesh
3. Sri Lanka
4. Pakistan
5. Myanmar

Water Bodies:

6. Gulf of Khambat (5)
7. Bay of Bengal
8. Palk Strait
9. Lakshadweep islands
10. Nicobar islands