

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL

HISTORY FINAL EXAMINATION YEAR 2023

DATE: 10.02.23

TIME: 1 hour 30 mins

Marks: 80

STD: VII

SECTION A- OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

I.A FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE CORRECT ANSWERS:

(7)

1. Daulat Khan Lodi invited _____ to invade India and help him overthrow _____, the cruel and unpopular sultan of Delhi.
2. Chanderi was a Rajput stronghold in Malwa under _____.
3. Within 10 years of Sher Shah's death, Humayun returned to India and recaptured _____ and _____.
4. The _____ of _____ was considered to be the head of the Rajput clans.
5. Akbar held regular meetings with his senior officers in the _____.
6. The name Nur Jahan means _____ of the _____.
7. Aurangzeb annexed _____ and _____ which proved to be harmful to the Mughal empire.

II.B STATE WHETHER THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE. IF FALSE CORRECT THE UNDERLINED PHARSE OR WORD. (4)

1. The death of Mahmud Gawan signal ed the end of the Bahamani kingdom.
2. Sher Khan Suri decisively defeated Humayun in the Battle of Panipat.
3. Hemu, the faithful and experienced general of Humayun became Akbar's regent and looked after his affairs in the government on his behalf.
4. Todar Mal's Bandobast is a land revenue system.
5. Jahangir is known as the Engineer King.

I.C NAME THE FOLLOWING:

(7)

1. The memoirs of Babur written in flawless Turkish.
2. Head of the military department and the paymaster of all mansabdars.
3. The supervisor of the royal household during the reign of Akbar.
4. A mosque at Agra considered to be the most perfect examples of Shah Jahan's buildings.
5. A traveller from Persia who was awed by the grandeur and the splendour of the Vijaynagar Kingdom.
6. The monument which has the second largest dome and is famous for its whispering dome.
7. Officers responsible for the collection of land revenue ~~in the revenue~~ in the village.

I.D MATCH THE FOLLOWING, WRITE THE ANSWERS IN WORD:

(4)

A

1. Capital of Vijaynagar
2. Bahamani Kingdom
3. Rana Pratap Singh
4. Pilgrim tax
5. Akbar
6. Tulsidas
7. Birbal
8. Tansen

B

- A. Jizya
- B. Chittorgarh fort
- C. Hampi
- D. Hindi Kavi Raj
- E. Musician
- F. Jami Masjid
- G. Sulh-i-kul
- H. Ramcharitramanas

CIVICS

II.A FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE CORRECT ANSWERS: (3)

1. The framers of our constitution had a dream of establishing a _____
2. Fundamental Rights and _____ have a common purpose, i.e., to protect the rights of the citizen.
3. Promoting international _____ and _____ is a general principle.

II.B STATE WHETHER THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE. IF FALSE, CORRECT THE UNDERLINED WORD. (3)

1. Directive Principles are inspired by the constitution of Poland.
2. The resources of the country should be used for the common good to all.
3. Promoting international peace and security is a Gandhian principle.
4. A law has been passed guaranteeing equal pays for both men and women.

II.C MATCH THE FOLLOWING, WRITE THE ANSWERS IN WORD: (3)

A

B

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Feature of a welfare state | A. Protection of national monuments |
| 2. Principles of promoting economic equality | B. Social and economic justice |
| 3. General principle | C. Adequate means of livelihood |

SECTION B- SUBJECTIVES

HISTORY

III. EXPLAIN THE FOLLOWING TERMS: (5)

1. Muqadams-
2. Wazir-
3. Mansabdar-
4. Shahjahanabad-
5. Jauhar-

IV. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN TWO TO THREE SENTENCES:

(8)

1. Which jewels were sold openly in the crowded bazaars of Vijayanagar?
2. How did Humayun escape from the Battle of Chausa?
3. Which places were conquered by Akbar in the series of campaigns in the north west?
4. Who was the last of great Mughal Emperor and how long was his reign?

V. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN BRIEF:

(15)

1. Which steps were taken by the Bahamani rulers to encourage the religion of Islam?
2. How was the Battle of Khanwa different from the Battle of Panipat?
3. State any three measures taken by Sher Shah to improve his military organization.
4. How did Akbar unite the diverse races in India into one nation where everyone would enjoy equal status?
5. Which qualities did Nur Jahan possess?

CIVICS-SUBJECTIVES

VI. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

(6)

1. Explain the term Directive Principles of the State Policy. (2)
2. What is a Welfare State? (2)
3. State an important difference between the fundamental rights and directive principles in a tabular form. (2)

SECTION C- PICTURE STUDY

HISTORY

(8)

Q. OBSERVE THE GIVEN PICTURE CAREFULLY AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW:

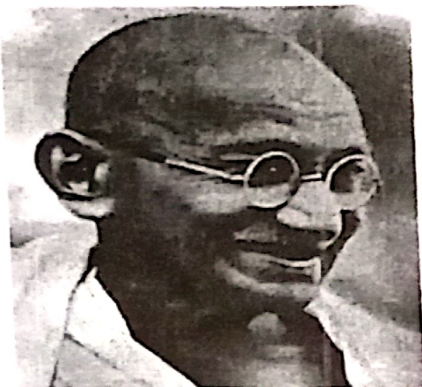


1. Identify the monument. Who built it? (1)
2. In whose memory was the monument built? (1)
3. At present, which position has the monument retained in the world? (1)
4. How many years did it take to build it? What was the approx. cost to make the monument? (2)
5. State any three architectural features of the monument. (3)

CIVICS

Q. OBSERVE THE GIVEN PICTURE CAREFULLY AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW:

(7)



9B

1. Identify the leader in the given picture. (1)
2. During which movement did he work out a plan for social development? (1)
3. State any one principle which aims to promote betterment of the villages. (1)
4. According to this leader's principle, consumption of which two things must be prevented? (2)
5. With respect to promoting education which two principles did he state? (2)

BEST OF LUCK !