

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL
PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2023

DATE: 16.01.23

TIME: 2 HOURS

SUBJECT: HISTORY AND CIVICS (H.C.G Paper-1)

MARKS: 80

Answers to this must be written on the answer sheet provided separately. You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes. This time is to be spent in reading the questions. The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt **all** questions from **Part I** (Compulsory). A total of **five** questions are to be attempted from Part II, **two** out of three questions from **Section A** and **three** out of five questions from **Section B**. The intended marks for questions or part of questions are given brackets. [].

PART I

Attempt all questions from this Part.

Question 1

[16]

Choose the correct option:

- i. The maximum composition of the Rajyasabha is
 - a) 252
 - b) 250
 - c) 245
 - d) 238

- ii. Loksabha membership: 25 years or above::Rajyasabha membership:
 - a) 35 years or above
 - b) 32 years or above
 - c) 30 years or above
 - d) 40 years or above

- iii. The President of India is indirectly elected by by.....
 - a) The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
 - b) The members of the Parliament
 - c) The Prime Minister and the Council of ministers
 - d) The Electoral College

- iv. is the ex-officio chairman of the Planning Commission and the Atomic Energy Commission.
- Speaker
 - President
 - Vice-President
 - Prime Minister
- v. The power of the Supreme Court to grant special leave of appeal against the judgement delivered by any court in the country is called as.....
- Original Jurisdiction
 - Revisory Jurisdiction
 - Advisory Jurisdiction
 - Appellate Jurisdiction
- vi. A judge of the High Court holds office till he attains the age of years.
- 62
 - 63
 - 64
 - 65
- vii. Which of the following is **not** feature of the Queens Proclamation.
- Equal treatment to all subjects Indian and Europeans.
 - All appointments to be made strictly according to education and ability.
 - Heavy taxes on Indian farmers
 - Official pardon to all except those involved in murder of British subjects.
- viii. Who was the first Viceroy of India?
- Lord Dufferin
 - Lord Canning
 - Lord Dalhousie
 - Lord Mountbatten
- ix. Which of the following leaders was the author of the book 'Nation in the Making'?
- Surrendranath Banerjee
 - Dadabhai Naoroji
 - Gopal Krishna Gokhale
 - Lala Lajpatrai

- x. Which of the following resolutions was not passed by the Congress under the presidentship of Dadabhai Naoroji.
- Self-government
 - Swadeshi
 - Boycott
 - Western Education
- xi. sacrificed his life when he was protesting against the Simon Commission.
- Surrendranath Banerjee
 - Dadabhai Naoroji
 - Bipin Chandra Pal
 - Lala Lajpatrai
- xii. Who was the British General responsible for the 'Jallianwala Bagh Massacre'?
- General Hume
 - General Dyer
 - General Curzon
 - General Wellesley
- xiii. mantra was given by Gandhiji during the Quit India Movement.
- Satyagraha
 - Non-violence
 - Do or Die
 - Purna Swaraj
- xiv. Which of the following statement is **TRUE** with respect to the League of Nations?
- The League's goals included disarmament, preventing war through collective security, settling disputes between countries through negotiations.
 - Two major countries – Germany and the Soviet Union were not allowed to become its members for many years.
- Only (i)
 - Only (ii)
 - Both (i) and (ii)
 - Neither (i) Nor (ii)

- xv. Which of the following countries was not a part of the Axis powers.
- Japan
 - Britain
 - Germany
 - Italy
- xvi. Which of the following is the correct abbreviation of UNESCO?
- United Nations Educational Scientific and Co-operative Organisation
 - United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation
 - United Nations Educational Social and Cultural Organisation
 - United Nations Educational Socialist and Cultural Organisation

Question 2

- Explain the terms Adjournment and Prorogation of the House? [2]
- What is meant by the term 'Court of Records'? [2]
- Why did the introduction of the Enfield rifles cause discontent among the Company's army? [2]
- Tilak was the forerunner of Gandhi in a number of ways- Justify [2]
- How did the Lucknow pact promote Hindu-Muslim unity? [2]
- State any 4 similarities between the ideologies of Nazism and Fascism. [2]
- What is a Veto power? State its significance in decision making. [2]

PART II SECTION A

Attempt any two questions from this section.

Question 3

With reference to the Union Parliament, answer the following questions.

- Who is the presiding officer of the Lok Sabha? How is he/she elected? What is his/her term of office? [3]
- Explain the exclusive powers of the Rajyasabha. [3]
- Discuss the legislative powers of the Parliament with reference to matters in the Union list and Concurrent list. [4]

Question 4

With reference to the Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers, answer the following questions.

- i. Write a note on the formation of the Cabinet. [3]
- ii. What does the Collective responsibility of the Council of Ministers imply? [3]
- iii. Which powers can be exercised by the Prime Minister with reference to the Cabinet? [4]

Question 5

With regard to the Supreme Court of India, answer the following questions.

- i. How does the Supreme Court protect the Fundamental rights from being violated? [3]
- ii. Explain the power of Judicial Review. [3]
- iii. State the composition of the Supreme Court. What qualifications are required to become a judge of the Supreme Court? [4]

SECTION B

Attempt any three questions from this section.

Question 6

With reference to the growth of Nationalism, explain the following.

- i. The Illbert Bill Controversy. [3]
- ii. Contribution of Jyotiba Phule towards upliftment of women. [3]
- iii. Role of Press. [4]

Question 7

With reference to Gandhi and the Indian National movement, answer the following questions.

- i. What did the Non-Co-operation aim to achieve? [3]
- ii. Briefly explain the Swadeshi programme undertaken during the Non-co-operation movement. [3]
- iii. Why was the Non-Co-operation movement suspended? [4]

Question 8

With regard to the Independence and Partition of India answer the following questions.

- i. Which clauses were stated in the Mountbatten Plan pertaining to
 - a) Boundary Commission [1]
 - b) The Princely States [2]
- ii. Which provisions were mentioned in the Indian Independence Act of 1947 pertaining to the Constituent Assemblies. [3]
- iii. Why did the Congress feel compelled to accept the Mountbatten Plan? [4]

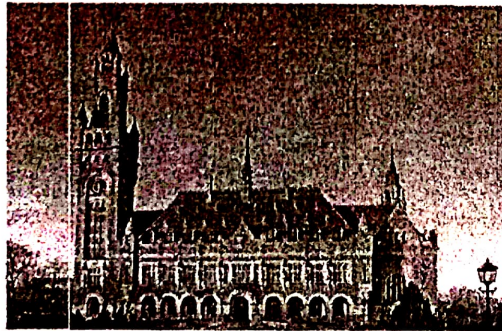
Question 9

With reference to the Second World War, answer the following questions.

- i. The treaty of Versailles acted as a cause of the Second World War- Justify. [3]
- ii. Which factors encouraged Hitler to invade Poland? [3]
- iii. Explain the term Cold War. What did it encompass? [4]

Question 10

Observe the given picture and answer the following questions.



- i. Identify the organ of the United Nations depicted in the given picture. [1]
- ii. Describe any two functions of this organ [2]
- iii. State the composition of this organ. [3]
- iv. Explain the main objectives of the United Nations Organisation.(Any) [4]