

**GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL**  
**TERMINAL EXAMINATION 2023-2024**

**SUBJECT: HISTORY – CIVICS**  
**STD: VIII**

**MARKS: 80**  
**TIME: 2 HOURS**

---

**(All answers are to be written in the answer booklet provided)**

**PART I**  
**HISTORY**

**I. State whether the following statements are true or false. If false, rewrite the correct underlined word. (4)**

1. Stonewall Jackson was appointed as the President of the Confederate States of America.
2. The East India Company established its first factory in Madras.
3. The Sikhs were organized into a loose confederacy of twelve misls or groups.
4. Bahadur Shah Zafar was defeated in the Revolt of 1857n and was exiled to Burma.
5. The Marathas who controlled most of the western India, made a remarkable recovery after the Third Battle of Panipat.

**II. Name the following. (5)**

1. Two valuable treasures carried by Nadir Shah.
2. The battle cry of the French Revolution.
3. Two French political philosophers whose writings created an intellectual ferment in France.
4. Two taxes levied by Marathas from the six Mughal provinces in the Deccan.
5. The nobles in the Mughal court who hailed from Persia and Transoxiana respectively.

**III. Choose the correct answer and write in words. (5)**

1. The American Independence Day is celebrated on –
- a. 14<sup>th</sup> July
  - b. 24<sup>th</sup> July
  - c. 14<sup>th</sup> June
  - d. 4<sup>th</sup> July

2. The central figure during the revolutionary war in France as-
- Ulysses Grant
  - Napolean Bonaparte
  - Robert E. Lee
  - King Louis XVI
3. Successor of Baji Rao I was –
- Balaji Baji Rao
  - Balaji Vishwanath
  - Baji Rao Shinde
  - Ramchandra Rao
4. The Governor of Bengal : Murshid Quli Khan :: the Governor of Awadh : \_\_\_\_\_
- Safdar Jung
  - Suja-ud- Daulah
  - Nizam-ul-Mulk Asaf Jha
  - Saadat Khan
5. The largest and the most prosperous of the European settlements in India was at –
- Surat
  - Bengal
  - Calcutta
  - Orissa

**IV. Do as directed. (8)**

- The colonists argued that the British Parliament had no right to tax since \_\_\_\_\_ **(Give reason for the above statement )**
- In 1852, Harriet Beecher Stowe published her famous book, 'Uncle Tom's Cabin', which highlighted and exposed \_\_\_\_\_ **(State the social evil it exposed)**
- Subsidiary Alliance System was a method perfected by Lord Wellesly to \_\_\_\_\_ **(Complete the statement)**
- Under Mansabdari system, the mansabdars had to \_\_\_\_\_ **(State the responsibilities of the mansabdars and the means of their payments)**

5. Abraham Lincoln was shot dead by \_\_\_\_\_ (*Name the person responsible for his assassination and the place where this incident took place*)

6. In 1776, the representatives met in Philadelphia to sign the \_\_\_\_\_ (*Fill in the blanks*)

7. In 1717, the Mughal emperor, Farrukshiyar granted a farman, granting the East India Company the right to carry on \_\_\_\_\_ (*State the privilege granted to the Company*)

8. The kingdom of Satara, Nagpur and Jhansi were annexed by the Company by applying the \_\_\_\_\_ (*State the rule according to which they were annexed and the Governor General who introduced it*)

### CIVICS

**V. Give appropriate terms for the following. (5)**

1. The form of government adopted by India at both Central and State level.
2. The branch of government that performs the task of enforcing laws.
3. The financial statement stating the income and expenditure of the ensuing year.
4. The presiding officer of the Lok Sabha.
5. The nominal head of the country.

**VI. Fill in the blanks. (5)**

1. The President is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Defence Forces.
2. For the purpose of elections, the country is divided into a number of \_\_\_\_\_.
3. The Prime Minister is the link between the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Ordinances are \_\_\_\_\_ orders that are issued when the \_\_\_\_\_ is not in session.
5. The term of Lok Sabha can be extended for one year in case of \_\_\_\_\_.

**VII. Write the full form of the following abbreviations. (2)**

1. IAS-
2. UPSC-

**PART II**  
**HISTORY**

**VIII. Answer the following questions . (18)**

1. How did the Mansabdari system lead to the decline of the military strength of the Mughal Empire? 2
2. State the significance of the Battle of Buxar.( any 2) 2
3. Why was the Battle of Plassey considered as a turning point in the history of India ? 2
4. Discuss the incident that sparked off the American War of Independence. 3
5. Between whom was the Treaty of Amritsar signed? What were the clauses mentioned in the treaty? 3
6. Which factors were responsible for the success of the British East India Company over their Indian rivals?(any 3) 3
7. Who was Tipu Sultan? How did he prove himself to be a worthy successor? 3

**CIVICS**

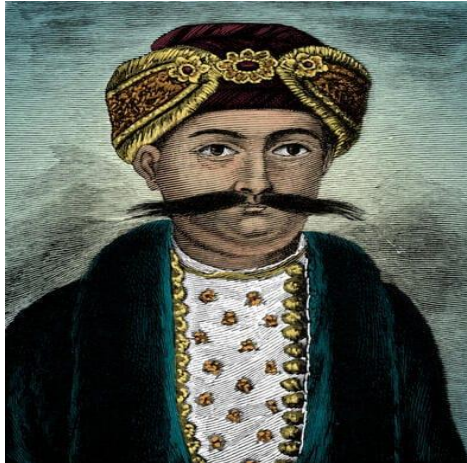
**XI. Answer the following questions. (15)**

1. Why is Rajya Sabha called the Permanent House? 2
2. Explain the term Impeachment. 2
3. The Cabinet is the inner core of the Council of Ministers. Justify. 2
4. State the Composition of Lok Sabha. 3
5. State any 3 functions of the Parliament with respect to making laws. 3
6. Mention the financial powers of the President. 3

## PICTURE STUDY

### X. Picture Study- I

(7)



1. Identify the given ruler in the given picture. 1
2. Name the British officer and the Nawab's military commander-in-chief who conspired against him. 1
3. Why was this ruler disappointed with the British East India Company? 2
4. State the outcome of the Battle fought between this ruler and the English East India Company. 3

### Picture Study II

(6)



1. Identify the given personality. Name the position occupied by him in the Parliament? 1
2. Name the person who is currently holding this position. 1
3. What are the qualifications required to be eligible for the above mentioned post? 2
4. State the functions exercised by him. 2

