**GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI** FINAL EXAMINATION – 2024 SCIENCE

SCIENCE	
Std: VI Date:20/02/2024	Marks: 80 Time: 2 hours
Attempt all questions. Diagrams to be drawn with a pencil. Figures to the right indicate the marks []	
Q I) Choose one correct answer to the questions from the given options: a. Water for chemical purposes is obtained by: (i) Sedimentation (ii) Decantation (iii) Distillation (iv) Filtrat	[10] tion
<ul> <li>b. The force of attraction developed by rubbing certain objects against each other is:</li> <li>(i) Magnetic force (ii) Electrostatic force (iii) Gravitational force (iv) Friction</li> </ul>	
c. The energy stored in the nucleus of an atom is called: (i) Chemical energy (ii) Heat energy (iii) Muscular energy (iv) A	tomic energy
<ul> <li>d. The measure of movement of molecules in the body refers to its:</li> <li>(i) Temperature</li> <li>(ii) Weight</li> <li>(iii) Mass</li> <li>(iv) Volument</li> </ul>	)e
e. The plant that reproduces through its leaves is: (i) Neem (ii) Tamarind (iii) Bryophyllum (iv) Hibiso	cus
f. The gas released during photosynthesis is: (i) Helium (ii) Argon (iii) Carbon dioxide (iv) Oxyg	jen
g. A windlass works on the principle of: (i) Pulley (ii) Wheel and axle (iii) Inclined plane (iv) Leve	۶r
h. Apples and pears are examples of this type of fruit: (i) Pomes (ii) Berries (iii) Drupes (iv) None	5
i. Exhaled air contains more than the inhaled air. (i) Oxygen (ii) Carbon dioxide (iii) Nitrogen (iv) Water	r vapour
j. These plants have a spongy body filled with air sacs acting as canopy o surface:	
(i) Hydrilla (ii) Lotus (iii) Water hyacinth (iv) Wat	er lily
<ul> <li>Q II A) State whether the following statements are true or false. If false, correct statement:</li> <li>a. Mass of a body varies with variation in gravity.</li> <li>b. Iron loses its qualities due to rusting.</li> </ul>	ct the [5]
<ul> <li>c. The S.I. unit of Pressure is Newton.</li> <li>d. A camel has three rows of thick eyelashes to protect its eyes from t sand of the desert.</li> </ul>	he blowing
e. The dissolved minerals and gases give taste to water.	
Q II B) Fill in the blanks: a. Incorrect placing of the eye over the ruler can result in b is a continuous day process taking place in the	

sunlight.

- c. The green coloured outer whorl of the flower is called \_\_\_\_\_
- d. Water is called the \_\_\_\_\_\_ solvent, as it can be used for wide applications.
- e. A dynamo converts magnetic energy and mechanical energy into \_\_\_\_\_\_ energy.
- Q II C) Define the following scientific terms:
  - a. Force
  - b. Volume
  - c. Fertilization

e. Rustingf. Mechanical advantage

d. Dehydration

- Q II D) Choose the odd one out and name the category to which the others belong: [4] a. Pine, fir, victoria, larch
  - b. Potato, carrot, turnip, radish
  - c. Nutcracker, bottle opener, wheelbarrow, forceps
  - d. Hour glass, Sundial, beam balance, candle clock
- Q II E) Distinguish between the following with reference to what is stated within brackets: [5]
  - a. Kinetic energy and Potential energy (meaning)
  - b. Prop roots and Stilt roots (an example)
  - c. Mustard leaf and Guava leaf (type of phyllotaxy)
  - d. Gravitational force and Muscular force (type of force)
  - e. Laboratory thermometer and Room thermometer (use)

## Q.II F) Match the following:

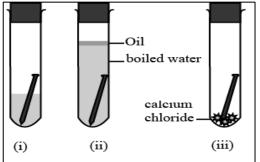
- a. Onion
- b. Ginger
- c. Argon
- d. Fahrenheit
- e. Vanda

- i. Rare gas
- ii. Temperature scale
- iii. Aerial plant
- iv. Rhizome
- v. Bulb

Q III A) With reference to the given diagram, answer the questions that follow:

- a. Name the apparatus as shown in the given picture.[1]b. What is it used for?[1]c. Explain the working of this apparatus.[2]

Q III B) Observe the figure given below and answer the questions that follow:



- a. Identify the phenomenon in the experiment shown.
- shown. [1] b. What is happening in figure (i) ? [1]
- c. Is the same thing happening in the other two figures? Why? [2]
- d. What can be concluded from this experiment? [1]

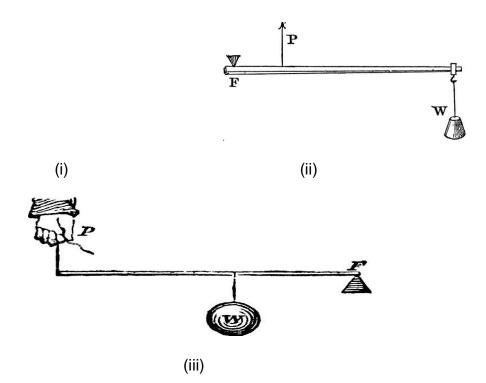
Q III C) Identify the type of lever from the pictures given below:



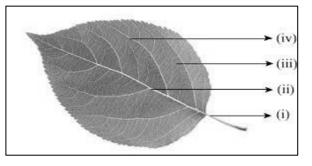
[5]

[3]

[6]



Q III D) Observe the figure given below and answer the questions that follow:



- a. Identify the type of leaf shown. Give two examples of this type. [2]
- b. Label all the parts as shown in the figure. [2]
- c. What is the type of venation shown in this leaf? [1]
- d. What is the main function of leaf? Write down word equation for the same. [2]

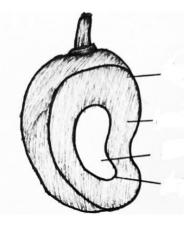
[3]

- Q IV A) Do as directed:
  - a. Calculate the force required to do a work of 750 Joules in moving an object through a distance of 15 m. [2] [2]
  - b. Convert the following:
    - 37° C into Kelvin (i)
    - (ii) 20 dm into cm
  - c. What is the pressure exerted by a box if it exerts a force of 345 kgf of force and has dimensions 1 m  $\times$  2.5 m. (Assume 1 kgf =10 N) [3]
- Q IV B) Answer the following questions:
  - a. Why are leaves of cactus modified into spines? How is photosynthesis done in such plants? [2] [2]
  - b. How is nitrogen made available to plants?
  - c. What is water pollution? State its one cause and one method of prevention.
- Q IV C) Give scientific reasons for the following:
  - a. Trees of mountain habitat are known as coniferous trees. [1]
  - b. The entire plant body of hydrilla is covered by mucilage. [1] [1]
  - c. A clinical thermometer is marked from 35° C to 42° C.

Q V A) Draw a neat labelled diagram to show that transpiration takes place in plants. [2]

[2]

 $\mathsf{Q} \; \mathsf{V} \; \mathsf{B})$  Redraw the given figure and label the given parts.



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