## GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL FIRST TERMINAL EXAMINATION Computer Applications

Std: X\* Date:27/09/24

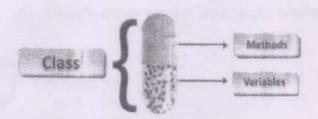
Time: 2 hrs Marks: 100

## Section A(40 mks)

Question 1 Select the correct option and write the answer.

[20]

Name the java principle featured in the diagram.



(a) abstraction (b) encapsulation (c) data binding (d) inheritance (ii) if( (a<b)&&(a>c) ) then largest number is (a) b (b) c (c) a (d) none (iii) Select proper way of writing single line comment in the program (b) // (c) /\*\* (d) /\*.....\*/ The variables which are present in function call statement are called (iv) (a) formal (b) local (c) duplicate (d) actual (v) The array char a[20] occupy (a) 40 bits (b) 40 bytes (c) 20 bytes (d) 80 bits (vi) When array length is 15 then index varies from (a) 0 -15 (b) 1-15 (c) 1-14 (d) 0-14 (vii) The keyword used to make variable into constant (a) final (b) Final (c) new (d) finally (viii) int x='d'; what is the value of x? (b) 69 (c) 100 (d) 101 (ix) Select proper statement for constructor (a) The method which returns value or void (b) The method which has same name as that of class (c) The method which has two types - pure and impure (d) Program can not have more than one constructor do while loop is (x) (a) exit controlled loop (b) pre tested loop (c) infinite loop (d) entry controlled loop (xi) Which of the following is data type which has lowest memory capacity (a) int (b) short (c) boolean (d) char

How is a primitive data type passed in Java?

a) By value only

(xii)

b)By reference only

c) Both by value and reference

d) Java do esn't allow passing primitive data types

(xiii) Choose the correct option that defines a prototype of the method "check" which receives a character ch and an integer n and returns true or false value.

- a) boolean check(char ch, int n)
- b) void boolean check(char ch, int n)
- c) boolean check(int ch, int n)
- d) boolean check(char ch, char n)
- (xiv) Name the keyword used to call a package in the program
  - a) package
  - b) include
  - c) call
  - d) import
- (xv) Identify the correct conversion
- (a) int num= 78.00;
- (b) int x=(double) 2.34;
- (c) char ch=65;
- (d) int n = (int) 56.78;
- (xvi) Identify correct literal
  - (i) "g" (ii) True (iii) '23' (iv) 2.5
  - (a) only (i) (b) (i) & (iv) (c) (iii) & (iv) (d) (i) & (ii)
- (xvii) Give the output of the following array

char ch[]={'a','2','d','D','4'};

System.out.print( (int)ch[1]);

- (a) 66 (b) 100
- (c) 50
- (d) 101
- (xviii) Assertion (A): In explicit conversion there is a loss of data.

  Reason (R): It is forceful conversion where higher data type variable is converted lower data type.
- (a) Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is a correct explanation.
- (b) Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is a not correct explanation.
- (c) Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false
- (d) Assertion A) is false and Reason (R) is true
- (xix) Assertion (A) The loop for is called entry controlled loop.

  Reason (R): As condition is written at the end and it is checked while

exiting the loop.

- a) Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (F!) is a correct explanation.
- b) Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is a not correct explanation.
- c) Assertion (A) is: true and Reason (R) is false
- d) Assertion (A) is: false and Reason (R) is true

(xx) Conditional statements provided in java are if else if and switch case. They also known as selection statement, switch case is a branching statement which allows only int and char data type and only one relational operator = =. But if else if allows all data types and all operators.

Reading above paragraph select correct statement

- (a) switch case is restricting all data types
- (b) if else if allows only few data types : int and char
- (c) All operators are allowed in switch case statement
- (d) switch case works with only one relational operator

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Question 2
  (i) Evaluate the expression
                                                                 [2]
       a=5 , b=7
       x=++a/2 +b - -%3+ b*a
  (ii) Write java expression |x²+y²+z|
  (iii)Rewrite the following using ternary operator
       if(sum!=0)
       sum*=2;
       else
       sum=0:
  (iv) char ch='F'; int n=65;
                                                                 [2]
       int x=n+ch; x=?
  (v) x=10, y= 11
                                                                 [2]
       (a) !(++x==y)
                              (b) (y-x)>(x-y)
       int a, ]={ 2,8,9,6,12}
       System.out.println(a.length);
       System.out.println(a[1+2]):
       System.out.println(Math.sqrt(a[2]);
       System.out.println("Happy "+" \" "+"Festival "+" \" ");
  (vii)
  (viii) How many times following loop will execute and write output
       int n=87234;
       do
       { n/=10:
        System.out.print(n+" "); }while(n>0);
(ix) Vasu want to find largest of 2 numbers. He is getting an error in
       the following code. Name the error and rectify the code. [3]
       class large
       void find(inta, intb)
       System.out.print(math. MAX( a,b) )
```

## (Section B)

(Answer any 4 questions from this section.) (Each program should be written using variable description table) [15] Question 3 Define a class name Employee with following description as follows member variables : eno- employee number name - employee name, salary (declare above variables using proper data types) member methods: void input()- accept name, number and salary of employee void calculate() - calculate tax as follows: salary nil <=1 lakh 7% of salary >1 lakh-<=5.5 lakhs 7000+10% of salary >5.5 lakhs-<=10.5 lakhs 10,000+12%0f salary >10.5 lakhs void print()- display employee details with tax Call all the above methods in main method using object. [15] Question 4 Design a class to overload a method pattern() as follows: void pattern(int n) - 55555 4444 333 22 void pattern(int a, int b) - &&&& 8888 &&&& [15] Question 5 WAP to accept a number and check if it is EvenPal number or not. The number is said to be EvenPal number, when number is a palindrome (the original number and reverse number is same.) and sum of its digits is even number. e.g. number 121: after reversing a number you get 121 and sum of its digits Is 1+2+1=4 which is a even number. [15] Question 6 Define a class to overload method Learn() as follows: void learn(int n) - generate fibbonacci series : 0 1 1 2 3 5 8.....n void learn()- 1/2:+2/3+3/4+4/5.....9/10 [15] Question 7 Write a program to accept 20 numbers from users. Arrange them using bubble sort technique. Display them in ascending order before and after sorting. Write a program to accept 20 numbers from user, then accept search Question 8 element from user. Using linear search technique search in the array. If number is found display message number is found Otherwise display message not found.