GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL ENGLISH LANGUAGE TERMINAL EXAMINATION 2024-25

Date: Class: VIII
Time: 2 hours Marks: 80

SECTION – I (COMPOSITION)
I] Write in 250 to 300 words on <u>any one</u> of the following Essay Topics: (10
A) Narrative the first time you tried something new.
Or
B) Describe the atmosphere of your school library.
Or
C) Write an essay for or against the topic: Reading books is better than watching movies.
Or
D) Write a story with a beginning: My friends and I discovered a hidden door in the school basement
that we had never seen before
Or
E) Write a story with an ending: We finally saved the animals and returned them back to the
animal shelter home.
SECTION - II (LETTER WRITING)
II] Write a letter on <u>any one</u> of the following topics: (10)
A) Write a letter to your friend explaining to them how being disrespectful is considered indecent
behaviour.

B) Write a letter of complaint to a delivery company about a package that was delayed beyond the

promised delivery time.

III] Read the Passages given below and answer the questions: -

whether the college education is really an asset.

b. keen –c. possess –d. attained –

What is it that **enables** some people to gain whatever goal they set for themselves while others do not succeed? What makes some men winners in the world and other losers? If you want to win, we must find the right answer to this very important question. Are there certain qualities or techniques which a person can use to achieve success regardless of his goal? To confirm this, we must carefully study the lives of successful men of the past as well as the present day. No doubt there are certain characteristics which are

(20)

Let us remember this. College education by itself is neither good nor bad. It all depends on what use you put it to. The important thing is if you happen to **possess** it you can use it to advantage. If you do not have it, there is no real cause to worry. Many have succeeded not only in India but also in other industrially advanced countries having **attained** great success without college education. For instance, Thomas Edison had taken only three month's schooling. The great Abraham Lincoln was practically self-educated. Benjamin Franklin did not attend the school at all. The Wright Brothers were not scientists but bicycle mechanics by their basic profession. Success also does not necessarily depend upon one's birth, environment, wealth etc. H.G Wells, the "father of science fiction", was born in poverty and had to fight ill health continually.

commonly found among all these great people. But an academic or college education is not necessarily one of them. Such an education perhaps could be an asset. But then considering how many of our educated youth are **keen** to take on a job of clerk and end up their lives as clerks one may even doubt

The study of the great, successful, self-made men all over the world, whether of the past or of the present, spotlights very important common factors. They knew how to get along successfully with others. They knew how to sell themselves to strangers and friends, to their employers and employees, to their neighbours, families, in fact to everyone with whom they came into contact daily. They knew how to sell their ideas, knowledge, talent and service. They knew how to get along with men, influence and motivate them. Success depends to a great extent on what you do with your ideas, talents or gifts. Invariably it is not what you know but what you do about what you know. It is not what you have, but what is done about it that spells the difference between success and failure.

1)	Why is it doubtful that college education can be even an asset?	(2)
2)	Can college education be a factor to ensure success?	(3)
3)	Write about two men who have attained great success without college education.	(2)
4)	Does success depend upon one's birth, environment, wealth etc.? Give an example.	(2)
5)	Which is the most important factor behind a man's success?	(4)
6)	Give a title for the passage.	(1)
7)	What according to you is an important factor in your success?	(2)
8) a.	Give synonyms for the following words from the passage: enables –	(4)

SECTION – IV (GRAMMAR)

QIV] Choose the correct form of the verb that agrees with the subject: 1) Either my mother or my father (is/are) coming to the meeting. 2) The Prime Minister, together with members, (greets/greet) the press cordially. 3) One of my sisters (is/are) going on a trip to France. 4) The committee (debates/debate) these questions carefully. 5) Mathematics (was/were) John's favourite subject. 6) Nobody (know/knows) the trouble I've seen. 7) The players, as well as the captain, (want/wants) to win. 8) Noah and Carol (has/have) a car they can spare. 9) Everyone (eat/eats) the required nutrients.	(5)
10) The dog or the cats (drink/drinks) the milk. QV] Identify the adjective in the following sentences and state its kind: 1) Last year, I got the first prize in the race. 2) These horses will join the race. 3) There is little sugar in the jar. 4) Whose book is on the table? 5) His mother is a teacher in the school.	(5)
QVI] Fill in the blank with the correct form of adjective: 1) Standards of living can be very (comfort) for those who can get good jobs. 2) The captain of the wrecked boat was accused of (crime) negligence. 3) The (talk) driver had not stopped chatting. 4) It is, of course, always (danger) to conclude too much from early evidence. 5) They scored an (ease) goal late in the game.	(5)
 QVII] Read the following sentences and change them as directed: 1) Indore is the cleanest city in India. (Change to Comparative degree) 2) No other girl in the class is as intelligent as Tina. (Change to Superlative degree) 3) Gold is the most expensive of all the metals. (Change to Positive degree) 4) Minu is the sweetest girl in the class. (Change to Positive degree) 	(4)
QVIII] Choose the correct option and fill in the blank with articles wherever necessary: 1) Sanskrit is language. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 2) She returned after hour. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 3) Allahabad is holy city. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 4) Honest man always speaks truth. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 5) I bought umbrella to go out in the rain. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 6) Albany is the capital of New York State. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 7) church on the corner is progressive. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 8) He is student of mathematics. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 9) horse in the field is eating grass. a) a b) an c) the d) no article 10) My husband's family speaks Polish. a) a b) an c) the d) no article	(5)

QIX] Identify the adverbs in the following sentences and state their kind:1) I am going to the market now.2) The man grumbled loudly while cleaning the table.	(5)
3) The serve hot pancakes there.	
4) I usually come home after work.	
5) It is extremely, hot today.	
QX] Choose the correct adverb to complete the sentences below: 1) Professor Peyton is (wide/widely) known in scientific circles. ' 2) It is (near/nearly) midnight. It's time to go to bed. 3) He is always (high/highly) spoken about. 4) The doctor was checking the patient's injured leg (cautious/cautiously). 5) I looked (suspicious/suspiciously) at the foul smelling food. 6) Her daughter cried (bitter/bitterly).	(3)
QXI] Choose the correct options and fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions: 1) I went a lovely Christmas party. a) at b) to c) in d) of	(5)
2) It is very humid the summer. a) on b) at c) in d) from	
3) It is the story a young girl. a) in b) from c) of d) at	
4) milk and cheese, we need vegetables. a) besides b) among c) from d) beside	
5) I must thank you the affectionate and warm welcome. a) on b) for c) at d) from	
6) I cannot wait the movie starts. a) to b) since c) until d) upto	
7) I have not been on a holiday last year. a) for b) since c) by d) on	
8) The TV is the corner of the room. a) on b) at c) from d) in	
9) The old man suffered a heart attack. a) from b) on c) by d) for	
10) They are building a new road Mumbai and Delhi.a) among b) between c) besides d) from	
QXII] Choose the appropriate conjunctions from the box given below:	(3)
Not only but also, for, unless, so, but, either or	
1) She got up early completed all her work. 2) She is honest everyone trusts her. 3) I can't attend the meeting I am suffering from fever. 4) You can't succeed you work hard. 5) I went to the bank, it was shut. 6) She has passed failed.	