

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL
TERMINAL EXAMINATION YEAR 2024- 2025

SUBJECT : GEOGRAPHY

CLASS : VIII

TIME : 2 HOURS

MARKS : 80

(All answers must be done on the answer sheet provided to you.)

SECTION A

I. Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options. (Do not copy the questions, write the correct answers only.)

(10)

1. Asia's wettest place in the world
 - a. Mawsynram
 - b. Sri Lanka
 - c. Maldives
 - d. Philippines

2. The Irrawaddy River flows into
 - a. Bangladesh
 - b. Myanmar
 - c. Thailand
 - d. Vietnam

3. Which of the following is not a socio-economic backwardness cause of disasters?
 - a. Poverty
 - b. Illiteracy
 - c. Lack of awareness
 - d. Over exploitation of land

4. Which of the following is not among the smallest countries of the world?
 - a. Singapore
 - b. Maldives
 - c. Japan
 - d. Bahrain

5. Official enumeration of population, conducted once in every 10 years
 - a. Sex ratio
 - b. Census
 - c. Crude birth rate
 - d. Crude death rate

6. Which of the following is a sudden onset disaster?
 - a. Drought
 - b. Flood due to heavy rainfall
 - c. Famine
 - d. Earthquake

7. A state in which the number of people living in a region are so few that the resources are not fully utilised .

- a. Overpopulation
- b. Underpopulation
- c. Optimum population
- d. Density of population

8. The plateau known as the 'Roof the World'

- a. Deccan plateau
- b. Yunnan plateau
- c. Plateau of Tibet
- d. Arabian plateau

9. The longest river in Asia

- a. R. Yangtze
- b. R. Irrawaddy
- c. R. Lena
- d. R. Hwang. Ho

10. The region between the Yenisey and Lena rivers

- a. an inland drainage
- b. almost level plain
- c. a plateau
- d. undulating upland

II. State whether the following statements are True or False. If False, correct the underlined word. (5)

- 1. River Euphrates and River Tigris merge and enter the Gulf of Thailand.
- 2. According to the Census of India 2011, the sex ratio was found to be 960.
- 3. The Hindukush range extends towards the west of the Pamir knot.
- 4. The point within Earth where rock under stress breaks is called the epicenter.
- 5. India, China along with Nigeria will record the highest increase in urban population.

III. Match the following columns. (3)

A

- 1. South West Asia
- 2. South East Asia
- 3. Largest country
- 4. South Asia
- 5. Central Asia
- 6. East Asia

B

- a. Uzbekistan
- b. Taiwan
- c. Myanmar
- d. Jordan
- e. Russia
- f. India

1- _____ 2- _____ 3- _____ 4 - _____ 5- _____ 6 - _____

IV. Complete the table (Give **any one** detail for each blank provided)
Please draw the entire table on the answer sheet.

(7)

Type of Natural Vegetation	Climate	Flora	Fauna
_____	Summers - _____ Winters- _____	Short yellow grasses, wild flowers and tulips.	_____
Desert Vegetation	Hot and dry Very cold winters Rainfall - _____	_____	_____
_____	Land permanently under snow cover for most of the year.	_____	_____
_____	Summers- _____ Rainfall- _____	Teak, Sal and Sandalwood	_____

SECTION B

V. Give geographical reasons-

[6]

1. India and China have an agrarian economy.
2. Marshes and swamps are formed in the Siberian plain.
3. Asia has a continental climate.

VI. Distinguish between the following-

[8]

1. Natural disaster and Man-made disaster (based on their nature of origin)
2. Negative and Positive impact of underpopulation (Any 1 point)
3. Emigrant and Immigrant (only definition)
4. Response-Relief and Rehabilitation-Reconstruction (1 point only)

VII. Answer the following questions.

[16]

1. In which hemisphere does Asia lie? What forms the boundary between Asia and Europe? (2)
2. Give any two causes of disasters with reference to climate change due to global warming. (2)
3. a. What does the Community-based disaster management aim at? (1)
b. Who are the members of the Community-based disaster management? (2)
4. Mention two risk reduction measures for terrorism. (2)
5. Explain how do Earthquakes occur? (3)
6. a. With reference to the case study, The Oil Spills-Coastal areas of the United States, give the impact it left on the marine species. (3)
b. Which was the worst marine accident and when did it take place? (1)

SECTION C

VIII. Map work

I. On the **given political map of Asia**; mark, shade and label the following: -

[12]

MAP 1

A. Countries and their capitals:

(7)

1. Iraq
2. Pakistan
3. Bangladesh
4. Japan
5. Thailand
6. Afghanistan
7. South Korea

B. Waterbodies:

(3) (4)

1. Strait of Malacca
2. Persian Gulf
3. Red Sea
4. Java Sea
5. Pacific Ocean
6. Gulf of Thailand

C. Crops:

(2)

1. Sugarcane
2. Wheat

II. On the **given physical features map of India**; mark, shade and label the following:- [13]

MAP 2

A. Mountains/Plateaus :

*Drawing / Markings
are not given.*

(7) (3)

1. Pamir knot
2. Tien Shan
3. Mt. Yablonovy
4. Anatolian plateau
5. Mongolian plateau
6. Plateau of Iran
7. Deccan plateau

B. Rivers:

(3) (6)

1. R. Yenisey
2. R. Mekong

3. R. Ganga
4. R. Amur
5. R. Tigris
6. R. Hwang Ho

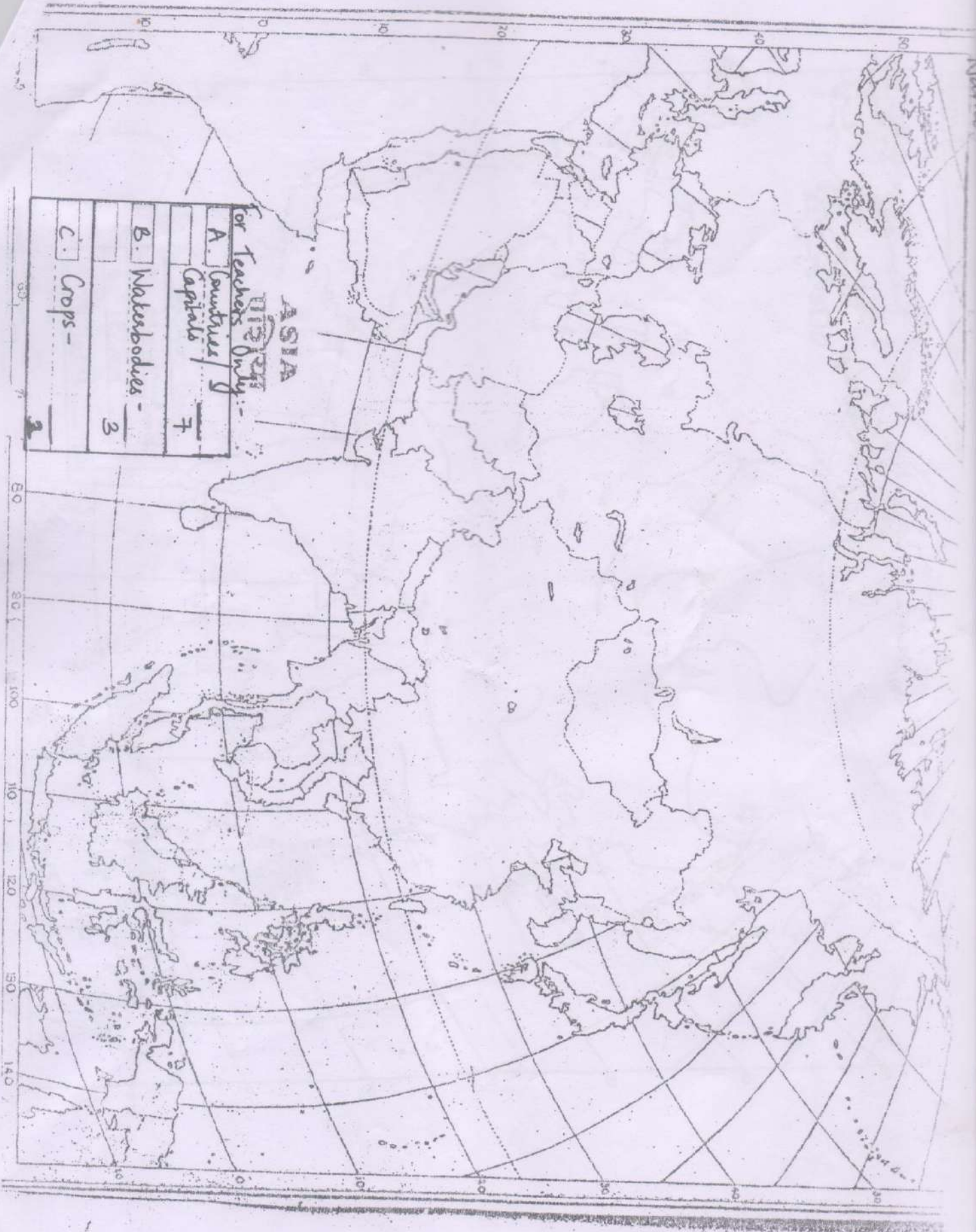
III. On the **given outline map of India**; mark, shade and label the following:
MAP 3

A. Climate and Rainfall

(3)

1. Type of ~~vegetation~~ found in the Sri Lanka and Sumatra. ← not given in map
2. Rainfall below 25 cm above the Arctic circle.
3. Rainfall above 200 cm in the North East.

ASIA - POLITICAL



ASIA
for Teachers Only

A. Countries / Capitals	7
B. Waterbodies	3
C. Crops	

Name: _____
Date: _____



ASIA

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A	Mountains	17
B.	Rivers	13
	Total	110

Kilometers



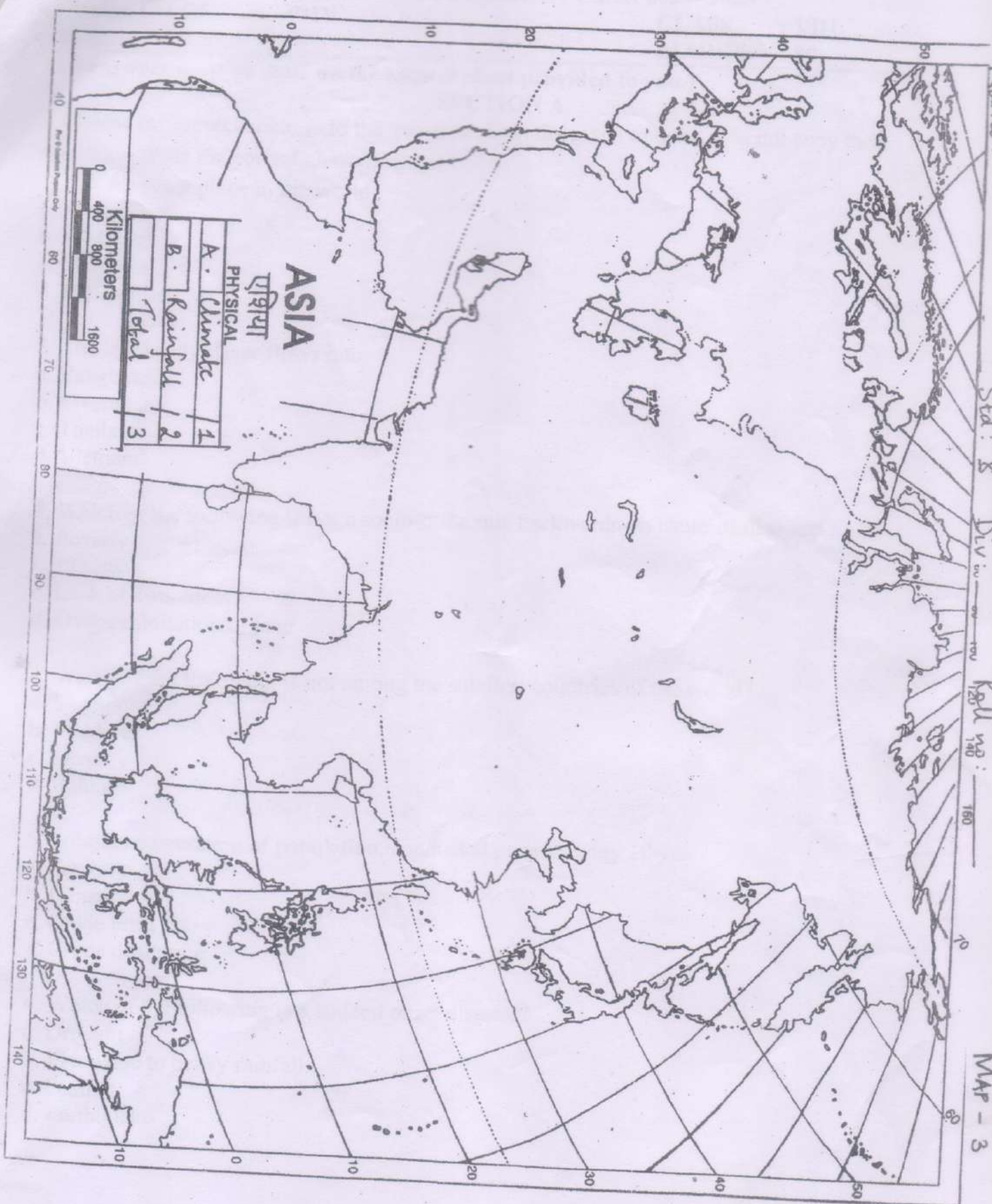
Name: _____

Std: 8

Div: _____

Roll no: _____

MAP - 3



Scale: 0 400 800 1600 Kilometers

PHYSICAL	
A. Climate	1
B. Rainfall	2
Total	3