GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL

TERMINAL EXAMINATION YEAR 2024- 2025

SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY CLASS: VII TIME: 2 HOURS MARKS: 80 SECTION-I 25m Q I Choose the correct answer to the questions from the given options. (Do not copy the question. Write the answers only) 1. Lines joining places having equal temperature are called a Isotherms b Latitudes c Isohyets d Longitudes 2. Rainfall caused when a physical barrier such as a mountain, forces moisture bearing winds to cause rain is called a Orographic rainfall b Cyclonic rainfall c Convectional rainfall d Orogenic rainfall 3. Moving air is called a rain b sleet c wind d dew is a monolithic hill. a Hamersley range b Musgrave range c Barkly tableland d Ayers rock 5. Australia lies in the hemisphere. and a Western and southern hemisphere b . Eastern and southern hemisphere

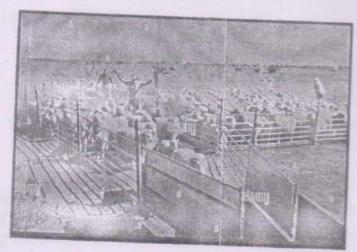
c Northern and eastern hemisphered Western and northern hemisphere

	6	is a region of inland drainage in Australia.
	a	
		Great Dividing Range
	d	Eyre basin
	7.	is the most common form of precipitation.
	a	Rain
	b	Hail
	С	Sleet
	d	Snow
	8.	About 200 million years ago, all the continents of the world were joined together to form a huge landmass called
	a	Laurasia
	b	Gondwanaland
	С	Zululand
	d	Pangea Pangea
	0	The scientific study of weather and it.
	a	The scientific study of weather conditions is calledarchaeology
	b	meteorology
	c	astrology
	d	radiology
		· is a device used to measure Atmospheric pressure.
	a	Hygrometer
	b	Barometer
	C	Thermometer
	d	Centimetre
r	Fil	Il in the blanks
	1.	is used to measure the seal of the terminal
		is used to measure the speed of wind andis used to determine the direction of the wind.
	2.	Australia, New Zealand and adjoining island groups in the Pacific Ocean are
		called
	3.	is the national capital of Australia.
	4.	is the highest peak of the Great Dividing Range.
		But of the Great Dividing Nange.

QI

QIII Study the picture below and answer the following:

3m



1. Large farms covering hundreds of hectares of land are called

2. When these large farms are divided into number of fields by fences, they are known

3. The owner of these large farms is called

QIV Match the following:

3m

	State		[C''
1	New South Wales	A	Capital
2	Northern Territory	A	Darwin
3	Tasmania	В	Adelaide
4	South Australia	C	Sydney
5	Queensland	D	Brisbane
5	Victoria	E	Melbourne
-	Victoria	F	Hobart
-	County Park - (Uppl)	G	Perth

Complete the table:

4m

1	It is formed due to cracks or fissures in the Earth's crust.		7111
2	It separates Australia Co. N. G. in the Earth's crust.	A	
	It separates Australia from New Guinea island in the north.	В	
3	It separates Australia from Tasmania.		
4	It extends from the Gulf of Control in the Control of C	C	
	It extends from the Gulf of Carpentaria in the north to the southern coast in Australia.	D	
	Printed the second seco		

SECTION-II

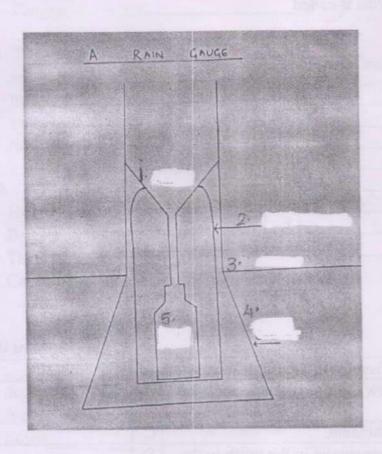
Q VI Differentiate between the following:

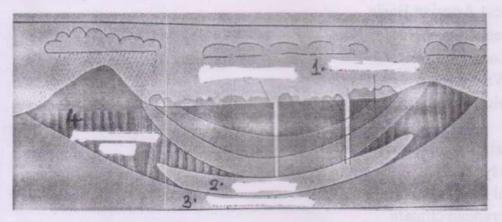
8m

- 1. Celsius and Fahrenheit scale.
- 2. Weather and climate.
- 3. Cirrus clouds and Nimbus clouds.
- 4. Absolute Humidity and Relative Humidity.

Q VII Answer the questions:

- M.M.	AAMOUNT TO THE PROPERTY OF THE	
1.	Explain how altitude and distance from the sea affects the temperature of a place.	2m
2.	Define atmospheric pressure.	1m
3.	What do you mean by the term 'sheep rearing'?	2m
	What does Uluru mean in the Aboriginal language?	1m
	Name the common breeds of sheep, cross bred in Australia.	1m
	Label the diagram. [Any four]	2m





- a Identify the picture.
- b Label the diagram.
- c How is the above feature beneficial to Australia? [2 points]
- 8. Give geographical reasons for the following:

3m

- a The Great Barrier Reef is called so.
- b Australia is called an island continent.
- c South-east region of Australia are ideal grounds for sheep rearing.

SECTION-III

30m

1. Mark, label and shade the following on Map 1:

10m

- A States/Federal territories and its capital.
- a Northern territory
- b New South Wales
- B Waterbodies
- a Arafura Sea
- b Gulf of Carpentaria
- c South Pacific Ocean
- d Tasman Sea
- e Gulf of Spencer
- f The Great Australian Bight
- 2. Mark, label and shade the following on Map 2:

10m

- A Mountain ranges and highlands.

 a Kimberley plateau
- b Darling Range
- c MacDowell Range
- d Australian Alps
- e Nullarbor plains

	t Artesian Basin. t Barrier Reef
	t Barrier Reef
c River I ac	
C ICIVCI Lac	hlan
d River Wa	rburton
e River Mu	rray

Map 3:

5m

- Tropical monsoon climate
- Mediterranean climate

B Vegetation types:

- a Desert vegetation
- b Tropical Grasslands
- c Temperate forests

4. Mark, label and shade the following on Map 4:

- A Winds
- a Scanty rainfall
- b Heavy rainfall

B Rainfall

- a Westerlies
- b North-west monsoon winds
- c Westerlies (Winter)

