# **GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI**

## Final Examination 2025

## **History and Civics**

Std: VI       Marks: 80         Date: 10.02.2025       Time: 2 h	
Attempt all questions  History Section	
QI) Choose the correct option:	[12]
<ol> <li>The Mauryan king was advised by</li> <li>a. royal princes</li> <li>b. viceroys</li> <li>c. the council of ministers</li> <li>d. mahamattas</li> </ol>	
<ul><li>2. Who among the following is not a Pandava?</li><li>a. Duryodhan</li><li>b. Yudhisthir</li><li>c. Nakul</li><li>d. Sahadeva</li></ul>	
<ul><li>3. Chanakya was a teacher at the University.</li><li>a. Nalanda</li><li>b. Taxila</li><li>c. Vikramshila</li><li>d. Vallabhi</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>4. Which of the following is incorrect?</li> <li>a. Buddha gave his first sermon in the Deer Park.</li> <li>b. Buddha believed that suffering could be ended by</li> <li>c. Buddha condemned animal sacrifice.</li> <li>d. Buddha preached in Prakrit.</li> </ul>	y overcoming desires.
<ul> <li>5. Ashoka is supposed to have built stupas the a. 8,300</li> <li>b. 83,000</li> <li>c. 8,400</li> <li>d. 84,000</li> </ul>	roughout the kingdom.

6.	Which of the following is not a committee, which serves the city administration? a. industries b. art and architecture c. manufacturing and selling of goods d. collection of taxes
7.	transformed Magadha into a mighty empire in the 4th century BCE. a. Dhana Nanda b. Chandragupta Maurya c. Mahapadma Nanda d. Bimbisara
8.	The Kalinga War became a turning point in life. a. Ashoka's b. Bindusara's c. Brihadratha's d. Chandragupta's
9.	Vardhamana Mahavira was born in near Vaishali. a. Mithila b. Kashi c. Kundilpur d. Kundagram
10	The name of Alexander's horse was  a. Beucephalus  b. Buciphalus  c. Bucephalus  d. Bauciphalus
11	Which of the following is not a step taken by Ashoka to propagate 'dhamma'?  a. Ashoka ordered construction of Buddhist monasteries.  b. Ashoka organised the Third Buddhist Council at Patliputra.  c. Ashoka sent Sanghamitra to Sri Lanka to spread Buddhism.  d. Ashoka only visited Bodh Gaya and Sarnath.
12	The represents teachings of Buddha and Ashoka's commitment to Buddhist principles.  a. lion b. elephant c. horse d. bull

#### QII) Name the following:

[8]

- 1. The mighty Magadhan empire lay beyond this river:
- 2. An outstanding specimen of Mauryan architecture:
- 3. A fierce 18 days battle was fought in the plains of:
- 4. A tribe that invaded India and destroyed Buddhist viharas:
- 5. 'As one king should treat another king' was said by:
- 6. Lord Rama was sent into exile for 14 years by:
- 7. James Princep deciphered an ancient inscription which mentions Ashoka as:
- 8. A fine specimen of Jain architecture and its location:

#### QIII) Match the column A to column B:

[8]

Column A	Column B
1. Hastinapur	a. silent on the existence of God
2. Taxila	b. Greek ambassador to the court
	of Chandragupta
3. Buddha	c. did not believe in the existence of
	God
4. Seleucus	d. Kosala
5. Kashi	e. Meerut
6. Ayodhya	f. Varanasi
7. Megasthenes	g. Gandhara
8. Mahavira	h. gave his daughter to
	Chandragupta

# QIV) State whether the following statements are true or false. If false, write the correct statement: [7]

- 1. Mahavira accepted all forms of rites and rituals.
- 2. Shakyas and Lichchhavis were the names of the democratic republics ruled by representatives elected by the people.
- 3. The Bhagavad Gita, the holy book of the Hindus is based on Lord Krishna's advice to Bheem.
- 4. Siddhartha and Yashodhara had a son named Rahul.
- 5. Alexander died in Macedonia at the young age of 33.
- 6. Right efforts is one of the 'Triratnas'.
- 7. Dharma means that every person has a moral duty to do what is right and lead a pious life.

QV) Answer the following questions:		[30]
1.	State any two effects of Alexander's invasion.	(2)
2.	State any three differences between Jainism and Buddhism.	(2)

[2]



a. Identify the stage shown in the picture. Mention its significance. (2)4. Give a detailed account of the National Emblem of India. (3) 5. What was the extent of Ashoka's empire? (3) (3) 6. List the achievements of Ajatashatru as a ruler. 7. Mention any two principles of 'Dhamma' stated by Ashoka. In your opinion, are they still relevant today? If yes, give reasons (3)8. Mention the four Great Sights seen by Siddhartha. (3)9. How did Chandragupta Maurya establish the Mauryan Empire. (3) 10. Give a detailed account of the Economic conditions the prevailed under the Mauryan rulers. (3)11. Briefly describe the division of society under the Varna system. (3)

# **Civics Section**

QVI) F	fill in the blanks:	[5]			
1.	The Construction and maintenance of old-age homes is a/an function.				
2.	are members of the municipal corporations and municipalities vare elected from among the popular and respected citizens of the city.	vho			
	The is the head of the municipal corporation.  A place where the dead are burnt is called .				
	Most people in the metropolitan cities work in the factories or sec	ctor.			
QVII)	Answer the following questions:	[10]			
1.	What are Municipalities? Who supervises their work?	(2)			
2.	Why do you think there are seats reserved for women in the Municipal Corporations?	(2)			
3.	Write a note on the following functions of the Municipal Corporations:  a. Public Health and Sanitation				
	b. Public Works and Services	(3) (3)			
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