

18.02.2025 GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL

TIME: 2HRS

5A/B/C SOCIAL STUDIES FINAL EXAMINATION MARKS:80

INSTRUCTIONS: Write the answers on the answer sheet provided to you. First 10 minutes are allotted to read the question paper. Do not copy the questions.

SECTION 1- History & Civics

(40M)

I. Fill in the blanks:

(6)

- a. _____ also means a country that is controlled by one government.
- b. At the lowest level of the pyramid are the _____ Courts.
- c. The _____ explains how power should be shared between the union and state governments.
- d. The person who wins the election becomes the _____ of the people of that constituency.
- e. The _____ announces the dates for the elections as well as the rules that parties and candidates must follow.
- f. A _____ system can only function well if the people participate in it fully.

II. Name the following:

(4)

- a. The body that makes the laws.
- b. The branch which is similar at the centre and in the states.
- c. The eligible age for voting.
- d. The group of people who have the same ideas about how a government should work.

III. Picture Study: -

(6)

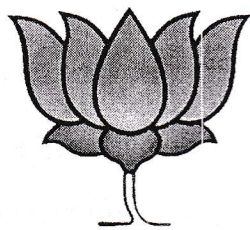
A.



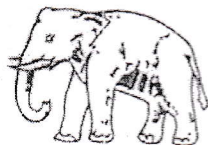
- a. Identify the given picture. (1)
- b. Where is it located? (1)
- c. Who resides in the above structure? (1)
- d. Who is the head of the state? (1)
- e. What do you mean by federal government? (2)

B. Identify and name the political parties for the given symbols:

(4)



a.



b.



c.



d.

IV. Legislatures are known by different names in different countries. Mention the names for the legislatures in the following countries. (5)

- a. Bangladesh
- b. Maldives
- c. France
- d. Japan
- e. USA

V. Answer the following questions: -

(15)

- a. What role does the judiciary play in the Indian Constitution? (2)
- b. How are the union territories governed? (2)
- c. Name the two union territories that have legislatures. (2)
- d. What is central legislature called as? Name the two houses present there? (3)
- e. What functions does the executive branch have at the centre and in the states? (3)
- f. Why do the polling booths have EVMs? What is the full-form of EVMs? (3)

SECTION 11- GEOGRAPHY

(40M)

VI. Multiple Choice questions:

(5)

- a. The third-highest mountain in the world.

2. Mt. Kanchenjunga
3. The Himalayas
4. Palk strait
- b. A Buddhist saint from India who went to Bhutan to spread the teachings of the Buddha.
 1. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 2. Mahindra
 3. Rabindranath Tagore
 4. Padmasambhava
- c. Certain forest and natural reserves which have been set aside for animals to live in their natural habitat.
 1. Sanctuaries
 2. Dams
 3. Plateau
 4. Civilization
- d. Jute needs a _____ climate.
 1. hot, damp
 2. dry, wet
 3. cold, damp
 4. drier region
- e. Seeds from which oil is extracted are called _____.
 1. Staple food
 2. Cotton bolls
 3. Oilseeds
 4. Fertilizers

VII. State whether the following statements are True or False. Correct the false statements:

(5)

- a. In the traditional method of farming, farmers use man-made fertilizers like animal manure to help plant growth.
- b. Cotton fabric is made from the fibres of the cotton boll.
- c. Metallic minerals are ancient remains of animals and plants.
- d. Petrol is used for cooking and other purposes.
- e. Solar and wind power are clean energies as they do not pollute the environment.
- f. The Himalayas form a natural boundary between India and Bangladesh.

VIII. Complete the following table:

(8)

A.

	Crops	Found in (any 2 places)
1.	Rice	
2.	Wheat	
3.	Cotton	

B.

(6)

Country	Capital	Language	Currency
China			
	Thimpu		

IX. Differentiate between:

(4)

- Desert soil and Black soil (soil quality)
- Food crops and Cash crops (definition)

X. Answer the following: -

- What are biosphere reserves? (2)
- Name the two Chinese monks who came to India. Why did they come to India? (2)
- Explain the geographical links of Sri Lanka and India. (2)
- What is soil erosion? How does soil erosion take place? (3)
- What does a farmer do to get good crops? (Any 3) (3)