

GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL

FINAL EXAMINATION

HISTORY-CIVICS

STD: VI

MARKS:80

PLEASE NOTE:

- *ALL ANSWERS TO BE WRITTEN IN THE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED.*

SECTION A

Q.I CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER FROM THE OPTIONS GIVEN: (8)

1. The rise of Magadha took place in the:

- a. Iron Age
- b. Bronze Age
- c. Copper Age
- d. Neolithic Age

2. Buddhist, Jain and Vedic literature of the 6th century mention the existence of _____ mahajanapadas.

- a. 18
- b. 16
- c. 17
- d. 15

3. _____ was the last ruler of the Nanda dynasty.

- a. Mahapadma Nanda
- b. Dhana Nanda
- c. Dasha Nanda
- d. Dhiva Nanda

4. Chanakya was a teacher at the _____ university.

- a. Taxila
- b. Nalanda
- c. Gandhara
- d. Vallabhi

5. The capital city of Mauryan empire was _____.

- a. Prayag
- b. Pataliputra
- c. Mathura
- d. Vaishali

6. The Kushan ruler, _____ established a large and a powerful empire in northern India.

- a. Kanishka
- b. Bindusara
- c. Ambhi
- d. Ajatshatru

7. Chinese traveller _____ gave an account of his observations of life under the Guptas.

- a. Marco Polo
- b. Seleucus
- c. Megasthenes
- d. Fa Hien

8. _____ is the head of the municipal corporation.

- a. Chief Minister
- b. Governor
- c. Mayor
- d. President.

Q.II FILL IN THE BLANKS:

(6)

1. Alexander, the king of _____ died in _____ at the young age of 33.
2. Alexander's invasion established a direct link between _____ and _____.
3. Porus was the ruler of the areas lying between the rivers _____ and _____.
4. Ashokan edicts were composed in _____, the language of the people and written in the _____ script.
5. Ashoka's son _____ and daughter _____ were sent to Sri Lanka to spread the message of Buddhism.
6. Chandragupta Vikramaditya gave his daughter to the _____ ruler in the Deccan, from whom he got valuable help during his campaign against the _____.

Q.III STATE WHETHER THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE TRUE

OR FALSE. IF FALSE, CORRECT THE UNDERLINED.

(6)

1. Digvijaya means conquests through dharma.

2. Ashoka's success was largely due to the guidance and training by Chanakya.
3. Mahamattas were officials appointed to carry out administrative work.
4. Bimbisara built a fort in the village of Pataligrama.
5. The pastoral Aryan tribes of the Early Vedic period roamed about in search of new pastures for their animals.
6. Ashoka organised the third Buddhist Council at Pataliputra.
7. Samudragupta was not only a military genius but a talented musician and a poet as well.
8. Alexander's army was war-weary and not willing to face the army of Magadha *spelling ?*.

Q. IV NAME THE FOLLOWING:

(6)

1. The first important king of Magadha, who ruled for 52 years.
2. Alexander's horse, who was wounded and killed during a battle.
3. A book written by Chanakya.
4. The historian who said the words, "Amidst the tens of thousands.....the name of Ashoka shines and shines almost alone, a star."
5. The last Mauryan ruler who was killed by Pushyamitra Sunga.
6. The king of Thanesar, who brought all kingdoms together establishing political unity, peace and prosperity in northern India.

SECTION B

Q. V FILL IN THE BLANKS:

(4)

1. _____ cities are highly populated and have complex problems and _____.
2. A municipal corporation is elected for a period of _____ years.
The total number of members depends on the _____ of that city.
3. Making arrangements for _____ and _____ to prevent the spread of dangerous diseases is the role of municipal corporation.
4. The _____ government and the local self-governing bodies usually _____ with each other to carry out their duties.

SECTION C

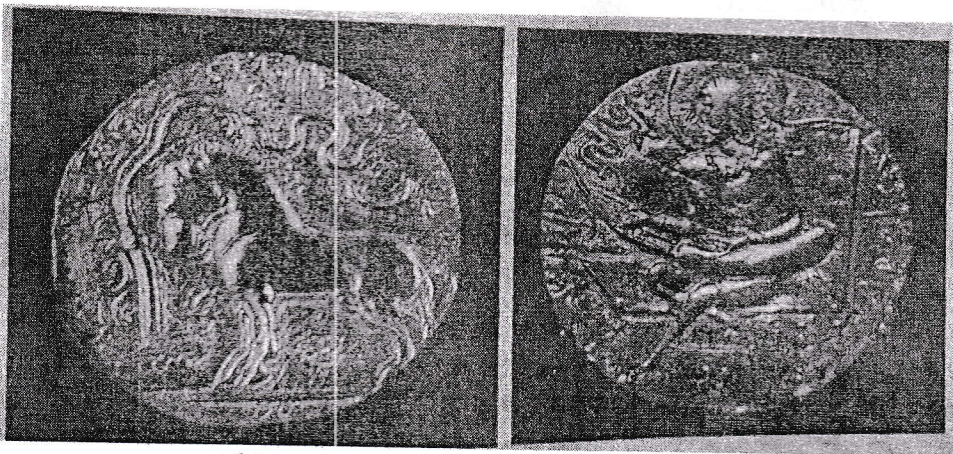
Q.VI STUDY THE PICTURES GIVEN CAREFULLY AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS WHICH FOLLOW:

(12)



A.

1. Where had these two personalities shown in the image met for the first time? (1)
2. Mention the names of the two personalities shown in the picture given above. (2)
3. In which two skills did the man shown in the image helped the king sitting on the throne? (2)
4. Which Greek general broke a fight with the king shown in the image? Which territory did he free from the Greek control? (2)



B.

left

right

1. In whose reign were the coins shown in the image above issued? (1)
2. What does the coin on left and right depict? (2)
3. Who was the court poet and which inscription was made by him during this reign? (2)

Q. VII ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE OR TWO SENTENCES: (12)

1. How did the conquest of Anga benefit Bimbisara?
2. 'As one king should treat another king.' Who said this famous dialogue and to whom?

3. Which book was written by Megasthenes? What valuable information does the book provide?

4. Why was Ashoka keen on capturing Kalinga?

5. Define Dharma Chakra.

6. Mention the names of the two outstanding works by Kalidasa. *two works from textbook*
outstanding works by Kalidasa it is in the knowledge box or on the textbook

Q.VIII ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS IN DETAIL: (18)

1. According to the treaty signed by Seleucus, what was he compelled to give away? *I can't tell you that*

2. Mention any three principles of Dhamma.

3. What were the feelings of Ashoka after the war of Kalinga?

4. Which six committees existed in the Mauryan empire for city administration?

5. Who was the first important ruler of the Gupta dynasty? Explain in detail on how his matrimonial alliance helped him expand his kingdom.

6. Who was Aryabhata? Mention his contributions in the field science.

SECTION D

Q. IX ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS: (8)

1. Where do the most people in the metropolitan cities work?

2. Mention any two optional functions of the Municipal Corporation.

3. Who appoints the municipal commissioner? For how many years does he/she hold the office?

4. What is the role of state government?