Greenlawns School, Worli Terminal Examination History/Civics

Marks: 80

Date:11/09/25 History/Civics Time: 2 hrs
You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes. This time is to be spent reading the question paper. The time given at the head of the paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Std: IX

PART I (30 Marks)
Attempt all questions from this Part

Quest	Question 1					
Choose the correct option:						
1.	What is referred to as PGW or Painted Grey Ware pottery?					
	a)	Rugged, grey pottery				
	b)	bead, encrusted black pottery				
	c)	very fine, smooth and even coloured pottery				
	d)	All of the above				
2.	Which	of the following is known as the, 'First Testament of Mankind'?				
	a)	Sama Veda				
	b)	Rig Veda				
	c)	Yajur Veda				
	d)	Atharva Veda				
3.	Identify the author of Mahabharata :					
	a)	Prabhu Das				
	b)	Maharshi Dron				
	c)	Sage Vyasa				
	d)	Maharishi Valmiki				
4.	Ashok	a abandoned and embraced	_			
a)	Bherig	ghosha, Digvijay				
b)	Dham	magosha, Bherigosha				
c)	Bherig	gosha, Dhammagosha				

d) Dhammagosha, Digvijay

- 5. Thirukkural is a collection of Tamil couplets organised into these many chapters:
 a) 113
 b) 143
 c) 134
- 6. Which of the following were provinces in the Mauryan Empire?
 - a) Magadha, Avanti, Kalinga and Cholamandalam
 - b) Magadha, Gandhara, Avanti, Kalinga and Southern Province
 - c) Magadha, Takshila, Ujjain and Tosali
 - d) None of the above

d) 133

- 7. Which of the following did not contribute to the revenue?
 - a. Overseas trade
 - b. taxes on land
 - c. trade tax
 - d. taxes on produce
- 8. What are the box like structures, erected with a stone slabs resting on each other without any mortar called?
- a) Megaliths
- b) Tirukkural
- c) Couplets
- d) Malaiyar
- 9. A] Samudragupta uprooted the nine rulers of Aryavarta and made the kingdoms a part of his empire.
 - R] Samudragupta defeated the 12 rulers of Dakshinapatha and annexed their kingdoms
 - a) (R) contradicts (A)
 - b) (R) is the reason for (A)
 - c) (A) is true but (R) is false
 - d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other

10. Bronze statues were made by a special process called					
a) Moulded Clay Process					
b) Lost wax process					
c) Clay wax process					
d) Lost Clay process					
11. [A] Overseas trade was carried out at Lothal					
[B] Lothal was a port with a dockyard.					
a) (B) contradicts (A)					
b) (B) is the reason for (A)					
c) (A) is true but (B) is false					
d) (A) and (B) are independent of each other					
12. Family, the fundamental unit of society was patriarchal and headed by:					
a) Vishapati					
b) Purohita					
c) Grihapati					
d) Gramini					
13. Who presided over the first sitting of the constitute assembly?					
a) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru					
b) Dr BR Ambedkar					
c) Dr Sachchidananda Sinha					
d) Dr Rajendra Prasad					
13. The constitute assembly of undivided India consisted of members.					
a) 390					
b) 292					
c) 389					
d) 384					
14. The right to property is					
a) a fundamental right					
b) a fundamental duty					
c) a legal right					

		d) no longer a fundamental right			
	15.Th	e right to information has been included in article of the			
	Co	onstitution.			
	a)	19 (1)			
	b)	20			
	c)	21			
	d)	22			
	16.AI	abourer was unlawfully detained by his employer. Which of the following	3		
Writs will be issued by the Supreme Court or the High Court?					
		a) Mandamus			
		b) Certiorari			
		c) Habeas Corpus			
		d) Quo-Warranto			
Question 2					
	i)	State any two ways in which the script of the Harappans provides us w	vith		
		valuable information	[2]		
	ii)	State the extent of Ashoka's empire	[2]		
	iii)	Mention any two features of the bearded man found during the excava	ition		
		of the Harappan civilisation	[2]		
	iv)	State the significance of the Sanchi Stupa, depicting the events from t life of Buddha	he [2]		
	v)	Discuss the significance of the Atharva Veda	[2]		
	vi)	Cite the relevance of the Viharas promoting Buddhism	[2]		
	vii)	Bring out the relevance of Arthashastra as an important literary source	; [2]		

PART II SECTION A

Answer any two questions from this section

Question 3

'The Indian Constitution provides for a single citizenship. This means that all Indians irrespective of the state of their domicile are the citizens of India.' In this regard answer the following questions:

- i) State the Citizenship Act Of 2003 highlighting its significance (3)
- ii) List any three features of the Preventive Attention Act (3)
- iii) Enumerate the right to freedom as a cluster of six essential freedoms (4) under article 19

Question 4

'The Directive Principles are framed under Part Four of the Constitution under Articles 36 to 51': In this regard, answer the following questions:

- i) Explain any two features of the Right to Education Act (3)
- ii) State the features of 'Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana' (3)
- iii) How does the Ayushmann Bharat Yojana benefit the citizens of India? (4)

Question 5

'The Constitution of India protects the interest of the citizens by restraining the government from taking arbitrary decisions': In this regard, answer the following questions:

- i) Give a detailed account of the Constitution of India (3)
- ii) List any two contributions of Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar (3)
- iii) '26 January was selected due to its historical significance.':Justify the statement (4)

Section B

Attempt any **three** questions from this section

Question 6

'The Chola system of administration was highly organized and efficient.' In this regard, answer the following questions:

- i) Give an account of Rajendra Chola's daring campaign to the east coast of India (3)
- ii) 'The temples in the Chola kingdom were the centre of social activities':

 Justify the statement highlighting the role it played in the inland and overseas

 trade

 (3)

iii) Elucidate the information provided by the Brihadeshwara temple regarded as a world Heritage site (4)

Question 7

'The Gupta Empire was prosperous and governed on enlightened principles': In this regard, answer the following questions:

- i) State the major religions during the Gupta period. Give evidence to prove that they were Hindus (3)
- ii) Expound the main achievements of Aryabhatta (3)
- iii) Why was Samudragupta given the title of '*Napoleon of India'*? Mention the extent of his empire (4)

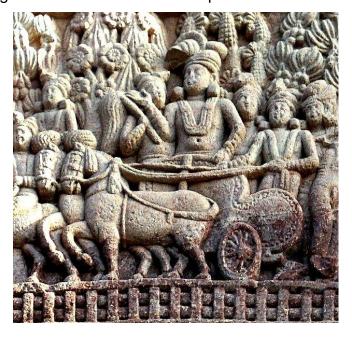
Question 8

'The *Angas* are regarded as the most important part of the Jain doctrines': In this regard, answer the following questions:

- i) State the significance of *Vinaya Pitaka* (3)
- ii) Elucidate the *Tri-ratnas* as a principal doctrine of Jainism (3)
- iii) Give a detailed account of the Angas (4)

Question 9

Study the picture given below and answer the questions that follow:



i)	Identify the depiction of an event as shown in the figure: State the t	WO		
	titles assumed by this ruler after ascending the throne			
ii)	List the advantages of the Pan-Indian character of the Mauryan Empire (3			
iii)	Write a short note on:			
	A] the Scripts on Asoka's Edicts	(2)		
	B] The duties of the following officials	(2)		
	a) Aryaputra			
	b) Sannidhata			
	c) Samaharta			
	d) Yukta			
Question	10			
'The seal	s used by Harappans show their artistic skills.' In this regard, answe	r the		
following	questions:			
i)	Mention any three facts about the religion and trade portrayed by the seals			
	discovered in the Harappan region	(3)		
ii)	List any three characteristics of town planning?	(3)		
iii)	How do the houses show a pattern of an advanced civilisation?	(4)		