

GREENLAWNS SCHOOL, WORLI
Terminal Examination 2025
Geography

Std: VII
Date: 12.09.2025

Marks: 80
Time: 2 hours

QI) Choose the correct answer:

[10]

1. _____ refers to large sheep farms covering thousands of hectares.
 - a. Paddocks
 - b. Grazing fields
 - c. Pastoral lands
 - d. Sheep stations

2. Which structure helps prevent wind erosion by reducing wind speed?
 - a. Shelter belt
 - b. Dam
 - c. Levee
 - d. Terrace

3. River _____ is one of the most polluted rivers of Europe.
 - a. Volga
 - b. Danube
 - c. Rhine
 - d. Seine

4. Which type of humidity is expressed as a percentage?
 - a. Specific humidity
 - b. Absolute humidity
 - c. Relative humidity
 - d. Saturated humidity

5. The Great Artesian Basin is mainly located between _____.
 - a. Eastern Highlands and Central Lowland
 - b. Western Plateau and Central Lowland
 - c. Central Lowland and Great Barrier Reef
 - d. Eastern Highlands and Great Barrier Reef

6. Which process raises the Earth's surface by deposition of sediments?
 - a. Erosion
 - b. Degradation
 - c. Weathering
 - d. Aggradation

7. _____ is the highest peak in Europe.
- a. Mont Blanc
 - b. Gelarch Peak
 - c. Monte Rosa
 - d. Mount Elbrus
8. The capital of Queensland is _____.
- a. Brisbane
 - b. Perth
 - c. Adelaide
 - d. Darwin
9. Which layer of the soil profile is rich in humus and nutrients?
- a. Subsoil
 - b. Topsoil
 - c. Bedrock
 - d. Parent rock
10. The famous wooden Chapel Bridge is located in _____.
- a. Zurich
 - b. Geneva
 - c. Lucerne
 - d. Bern

QII) Map marking:

[20]

a. On the political map of Europe provided mark, label and colour the following places:

- i. United Kingdom
- ii. Italy
- iii. Serbia
- iv. Any one of the Nordic countries
- v. Russia

b. On the physical map of Europe provided mark, label and colour the following places:

- i. Gulf of Bothnia
- ii. Mediterranean Sea
- iii. Caucasus Mountains
- iv. Central Massif
- v. North European Plains

c. On the political map of Australia provided mark, label and colour the following places:

- i. Adelaide
- ii. Victoria
- iii. Canberra
- iv. Queensland
- v. Tasmania

d. On the physical map of Australia provided mark, label and colour the following places:

- i. Great Dividing Range
- ii. Murray Darling
- iii. Great Sandy Desert
- iv. Indian Ocean
- v. Bass Strait

QIII) Name the following:

[10]

1. The lowest layer of the atmosphere where all weather changes occur:
2. The process in which oxygen reacts with iron in rocks to form rust:
3. The world's smallest independent nation located in Europe:
4. The instrument used to measure atmospheric pressure:
5. A form of precipitation which has a mixture of rain and snow:
6. The dangerous marine animal also called 'sea wasp':
7. The breed of sheep that produces high-grade wool in Australia:
8. The weathering process where water freezes in cracks of rocks and causes them to split:
9. The wooden box used to house weather instruments for accurate readings:
10. The sudden movement of weathered rock debris along a slope:

QIV) Give geographical reasons for the following:

[10]

1. Weathering is faster in deserts.
2. The loo causes severe heatwaves in the western Ganga Plain.
3. Intrusive igneous rocks have large mineral grains.
4. The Netherlands is called a "low-lying land".
5. The Great Barrier Reef is called a barrier reef.
6. Hill stations are cooler than plains.
7. Sheep farming is extensive in the dry interiors of Australia.
8. Soil is a non-renewable resource.
9. Switzerland is a popular tourist destination.
10. Mumbai, Chennai, and Goa experience moderate climate.

QV) Answer in two or three sentences:

[10]

1. Describe cumulus and nimbus clouds and the weather conditions and the weather conditions associated with them.
2. What are the duties of jackaroos in a sheep station?
3. How are sedimentary rocks formed?
4. Describe the importance of rivers in Europe.
5. From the given table, answer the following questions:
(Show the working on the answer sheet)

Months	Temp (°C)	Rainfall (in cm)
J	20.5	4.0
F	22.8	3.5
M	27.1	6.2
A	30.3	1.2
M	33.0	0.8
J	32.5	2.5
J	31.8	8.0
A	30.1	12.5
S	28.9	9.3
O	26.7	5.6
N	24.0	3.9
D	21.2	4.4

- a. Calculate the annual rainfall
- b. What is the annual range of temperature?

QVI) Answer briefly:

[12]

1. Describe the land and sea boundaries of Europe in detail.
2. Differentiate between soil erosion and soil conservation.
3. State the location of the Central Lowlands of Australia and list its main features.
4. Draw a neat labelled diagram of winds deflecting from their paths due to the Coriolis force.

QVII) Study the given picture and answer the questions that follow:

[8]



a.

1. Identify the type of weathering. (1)
2. How do such features develop? (1)
3. What is the effect of this process on the size of the rock? (1)
4. In which type of region are such dome-like rocks usually found? (1)



b.

1. Identify the type of weathering in the picture. (1)
2. State the major agent of this type of weathering. (1)
3. Which gas reacts to form a weak acid that works on rocks? (1)
4. Name two rocks which are easily affected by it. (1)
