GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL SCIENCE FINAL EXAMINATION 2024-25

STD. 7

DATE: 14/02/2025

MARKS: 80

NOTE:

- 1] Answer to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately.
- 2] You will not be allowed to write during the first 10 minutes. This time is to be spent in reading the paper.
- 3] The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers. This paper has 3 pages (5 sides)
- 4] Section A and Section B both are compulsory.
- 5] The intended marks for a question or parts of questions are given in the brackets [].

SECTION A [40 MARKS] ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE COMPULSORY.

Q.1. Choose the most correct answers to the questions from the given options: [09]

| options: | | | | [09 | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| i) An examp | ole of man-ı | made change is | | | | |
| a) Weather | ing of rocks | b) making | b) making of covid vaccines | | | |
| c) water cycle | | d) growth | d) growth in animals | | | |
| ii) The SI u a) calorie | | | d) degree Celsius | | | |
| ŕ | • | n which helps in s c) Skin c | osmoregulation is d) Liver | | | |

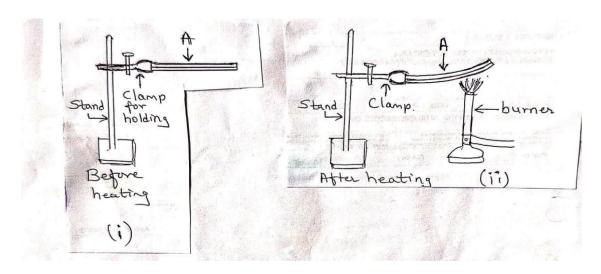
- iv) The process of deposition is observed in
- a) frost formation b) changing iodine crystals into its vapours on heating
- c) freezing of water d) dew formation
- v) A bacterial cell does not have a
- a) cell wall b) capsule c) cell membrane d) well defined nucleus
- vi) A substance which directly changes from its solid state into its vapour state by absorbing heat is
- a) mercury b) ice c) moth balls d) sulphur

| vii) An example of multicellular organia a) Euglena b) Chlamydomonas c) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| viii) The symbol of the element which a) C b) Ca c) N d) Cl | is essential for strengthening of bones is | | |
| ix) The microscopic filtering units of a) Ureters b) Neurons c) Nephrons | • | | |
| Q.2] A] State whether the following stathe statement by changing only the und i) Mushrooms are the only, unicellular ii) The petrol is an inflammable substatiii) The function of kidneys is to filter u iv) The burning of fuel is a slow change v) The bacteria which derive their nutrimaterials are called parasitic bacteria. | form of fungi. nce. urine. | | |
| B] Match the columns and write the pa | irs. [5] | | |
| A | В | | |
| i) Antibiotic production | a) Yeast | | |
| ii) Curdling of milk | b) Clostridium botulinum | | |
| iii) Genetic engineering | c) Streptomyces | | |
| iv) Biofertilizer | d) Lactobacillus | | |
| v) Food poisoning | e) Mycorrhiza | | |
| | f) Bacillus thuringiensis | | |
| Q.3] A] Write the symbols of the follow | ving elements. [5] | | |
| i) Magnesium ii) Boron iii) Neon | iv) Oxygen v) Beryllium | | |
| , | odium ix) Lithium x) Fluorine | | |
| | | | |

| B] Write | the name | s of the ele | ments whos | e symł | ools are given below: | [5] |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|---------------|
| i) Al | ii) K | iii) P | iv) He | v) S | Si | |
| i) The sta attain the ii) The s iii) A wh iv) A spe | e same ter state in wh ip like str ecial prepa ected in h | tion) in whomperature anich expansucture which | and there is r sion due to h ch helps the ead / weake | no tran leat is 1 bacter ned dis | s kept in contact with earsfer of heat. maximum. rial cell in locomotion. sease causing germs y against infectious | [4] ach other |
| B] Fill in | the blanl | ζS. | | | | [4] |
| i) The oi | l glands o | f the skin s | ecrete | | which is a fatty substan | |
| | | n surface. | | | | |
| | _ | | | single | celled prokaryotic organ | nisms |
| | - | oic in nature | | | | |
| | _ | _ | after a regul | lar inte | erval of time is known as | s a |
| | cha | • | 1 | 1 | 1. 1. 1. 4 | - C 4 |
| | | | - | | hich toxins and excess of | of water |
| is ilitered | ı irom tne | e blood wit | h the help of | r a mac | enine. | |
| A | | | CTION B | _ | - | N . |
| | LL QUE | STIONS I | N THIS SE | CTIO | N ARE COMPULSOR | KY. |
| Q.5] | · C 41 1 | | 1 1 | Di ' | 1 1 / (21 : 1 | 1 [4 |
| | • | - | | • | cal changes/ Chemical of | nanges.[4 |
| | _ | alk into its | pieces. | | i) Ripening of fruits. | .1 . |
| 111) Burst | ing of cra | ckers. | | 1V | y) Dissolution of salt in | the water. |
| B]State of change. | one differ | ence betwe | en an exothe | ermic c | change and endothermic | e [1] |
| | | | | | Contd | |

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B] Observe the diagram given below and answer the questions given below. [5]

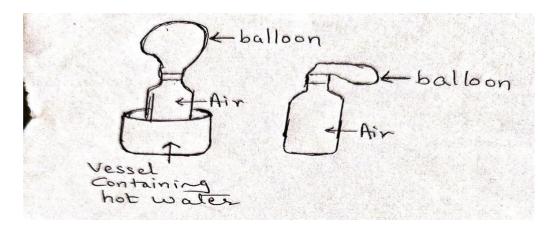


- i) Label the part A.
- ii) What is it made of?
- iii) Write your observation.
- iv) What will happen to part A after cooling? Why?

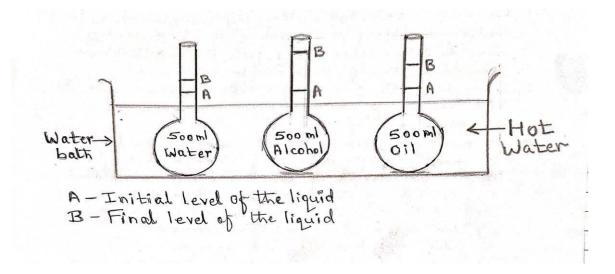
| | Urinary Tract Infection | Kidney Stone |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Cause (any one) | i | iv |
| Symptom (any one) | ii | V |
| Preventive measure (any one) | iii | vi |

- B] Give any 2 advantages of classification. [2]
- C] Write how the following fungi are harmful. (Give one point each) [2]
- i) Mould ii) Polyporus
- Q.7 A] What changes take place in a substance when it undergoes a thermal expansion?
- B] Name any 5 conditions that control a chemical reaction. (Do not explain. Write only the names.) [5]

C] Write your observation and conclusion with respect to the diagram given below:



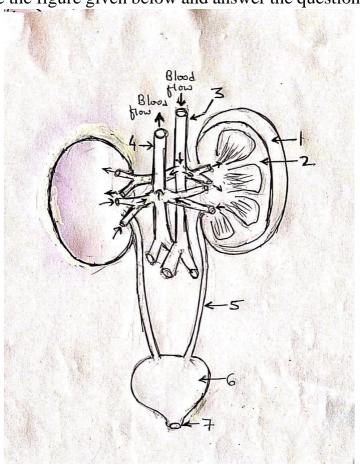
D] Observe the figure given below and answer the questions that follow: [3]



- i) Name the liquid which shows
- a) maximum expansion
- b) minimum expansion
- ii) What conclusion can be drawn from the above figure?

[2]

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Q.8] A] Observe the figure given below and answer the questions that follow



| i) Which organ system does the above figure indicate? | [1] |
|---|-----|
| ii) Label the parts 1,2,5 and 6. | [4] |
| iii) Name the muscles present in part 7 which control its opening and regulate | • |
| the flow of urine. | [1] |
| iv) List one difference between the parts numbered as 3 and 4 with respect to | O |
| the type of blood carried by them. | [1] |
| B] Classify the following changes as per the instructions given in the brackets. | [2] |
| i) Growth of a baby, Melting of an ice and freezing of water (Reversible change/ Irreversible change) | |
| ii) Ripening of a fruit, curdling of milk meant for drinking. (Desirable/ | |
| Undesirable change) | |
| C] i) Which alloy is used in watches and various temperature sensitive devices? | [1] |
| ii) Name the elements present in the alloy mentioned by you in Q.8 B- I | [1] |
| D] Why there is a gap kept between the railway tracks? | [1] |
| | |