

III Match the following:

{Write as :}

6. India

g. New Delhi

[5]

1. Bronze	a. Invention of wheel
2. Iron Age	b. M. K. Gandhi
3. Constitution of India	c. Use of both stone and copper tools
4. Chalcolithic age	d. Hjort spring boat
5. Neolithic age	e. Dr. B. R Ambedkar
	f. Alloy of copper mixed with tin and zinc
6. India	g. New Delhi

IV Answer the following in one or two sentences:

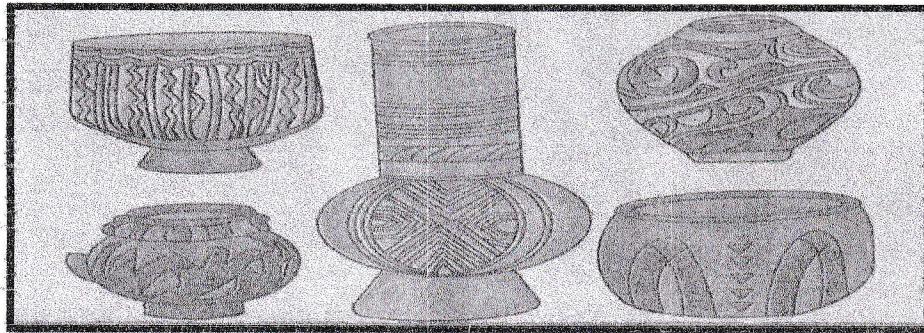
[5]

1. What new technique led to the beginning of the Iron Age?
2. What does Preamble assure to all Indians?
3. What were the two main types of evolution that our ancestors experienced during the Stone Age?
4. What replaced antlers and stone tools for digging the land during the Iron Age?
5. Mention any two fundamental rights of the Indian citizens.

V Picture Study:

[7]

A The given picture depicts hand-made pots, with reference to it answer the following questions:



1. What was the use of pots for the man in the New stone age? [1]
2. How did man in the New Stone Age make pots? [1]
3. How did people make their clay pots stronger? [1]
4. How did the potter's wheel help people in the New Stone Age to make pots? [2]
5. What new skills did people develop to make their pots more attractive during the New Stone Age? [2]

VI Answer the following questions briefly:

[12]

1. How did people in the New Stone Age begin to lead a settled life in the village? [3]
2. 'Secularism is very important in India' Explain any three points which support this statement. [3]
3. How did humans in the Mesolithic Period learn to grow crops? [3]
4. Mention any three uses of fire for the man during the Neolithic Age. [3]

Geography [40 MARKS]

VII Choose the correct option and write in words:

[5]

1. During the monsoon season, winds blow towards the west coast of India from:
a) The Bay of Bengal and the Pacific Ocean c) The Red Sea and the Atlantic Ocean
b) The Mediterranean Sea and the Indian Ocean d) The Arabian Sea and the Indian Ocean
2. The sea-breeze, i.e. the wind blowing from the sea to the land, carries moisture and brings rain to _____.
a) desert areas b) coastal areas
c) inland mountains d) plateaus
3. Weather is the state of the atmosphere for:
a) A particular day or time c) Several years
b) A particular month d) A whole season
4. In colder places, humidity results in _____ instead of rainfall.
a) storms c) hailstorms
b) snowfall d) winds
5. Regions of the world having similar climatic conditions are grouped together into different:
a) Climatic zones c) Vegetation zones
b) Time zones d) Rainfall zones

VIII Match the following: {Write as :}

6. India **g. New Delhi**

[5]

1. Rainy season	a. Severe cold winters
2. Southern India	b. Mawsynram in Meghalaya
3. Spring Time	c. Heavy snowfall
4. Northern Plains	d. Moderate winter
5. Western Desert	e. March month is neither cold nor hot
	f. Days are pleasant but nights are very cold
6. India	g. New Delhi

IX State whether the following statements are True or False and if False, correct the underlined word :

[5]

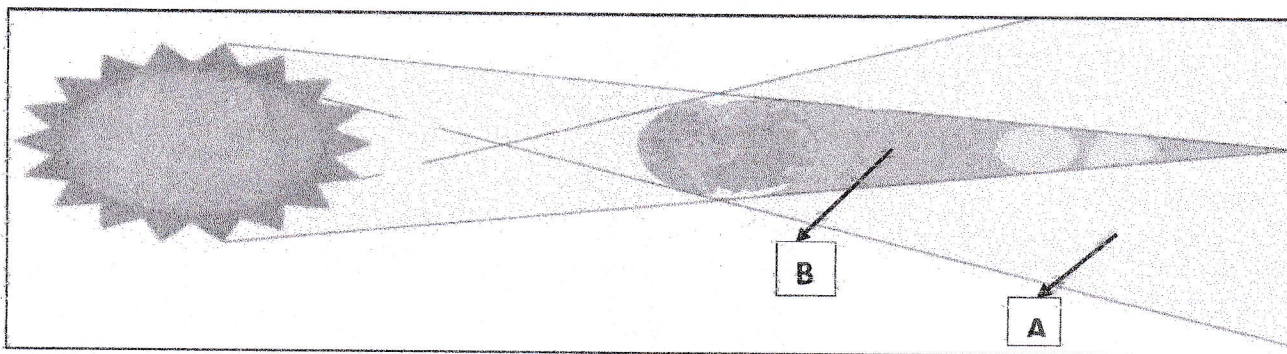
1. Kutch in Gujarat receives very little rainfall.
2. The Coromandel Coast receives rainfall mainly in the months of May and June.
3. Weather data collected over several months are used to make climate graphs.
4. The coastal areas have more humidity.
5. The sea has a moderating influence on the region close to it.

X Label the picture given below:

[7]

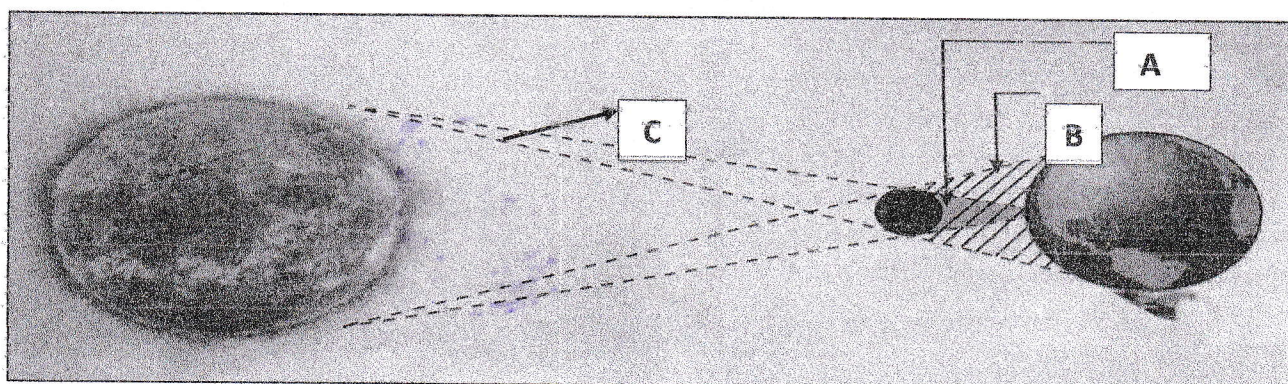
1. a) Identify the image

b) Name the labels : A and B



2. a) Identify the image

b) Name the labels : A, B and C



XI Answer the following in one or two sentences:

[5]

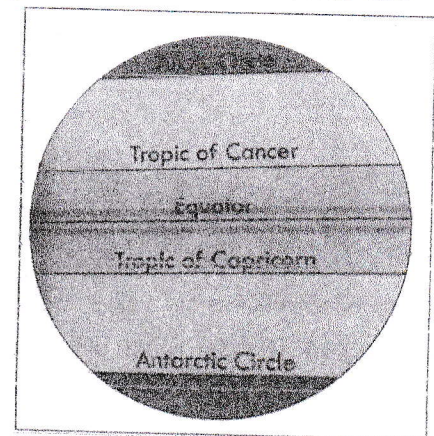
1. Why is it hot at the equator?
2. What do you mean by Humidity?
3. 'Chennai is neither very hot in summer nor very cold in winter.' Give reason.
4. Why is Ooty cool even in summers?
5. Name any two seasons into which the climate of India is divided?

XII Picture Study:

[5]

Refer to the picture depicting Climate Zones of the World given below and answer the questions that follows:

1. Where does the Torrid Zone lie? [1]
2. How is the climate like in the Temperate Zone, and how does it receive the Sun's rays? [2]
3. Where are the Frigid Zones located in the Northern and Southern Hemispheres? [2]



XIII Answer the following questions briefly:

[8]

1. Differentiate between weather and climate, with reference to – its definition. [2]
2. What are two common features of summer in the Northern Plains of India? [2]
3. How is the land breeze described when it blows from a cold area and when it blows from a warm area? [2]
4. Why do the polar regions have an extremely cold climate? Explain how the Sun's rays affect the temperature as we move from the Equator towards the poles. [2]