

Std: X
Date: 19/01/26

Greenlawns School, Worli
Preliminary Examination
History/Civics

Marks: 80
Time: 2 hrs

You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes. time is to be spent reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of the paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory)

A total of FIVE questions are to be attempted from Part II: Two out of three questions from SECTION A and three out of five questions from SECTION B

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets []

Part I (30 marks)

(Attempt all questions from this Part)

Question 1

elect the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

(Do not copy the questions, write the correct answer only)

1) The composition of the Rajya Sabha is _____ members

- i. 238+12
- ii. 230+20
- iii. 232+18
- iv. 235+15

2) Given below are details of a few Indian citizens:

Select the person who fulfils the eligibility criteria to become the Vice President of India

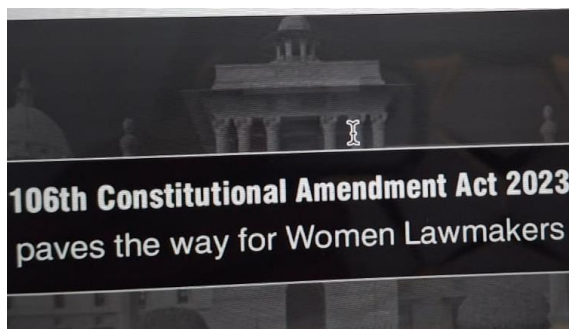
Person	Age [in years]	Description
W	35	Is holding an office of profit
X	73	Is a tribal leader
Y	30	Is a reputed sportsperson
Z	32	Is a reputed politician

- a) W
- b) X
- c) Y
- d) Z

3) Mr. Sharan has been illegally detained by the police. If the family approaches the court, which writ will be issued?

- i. Quo Warranto
- ii. Writ of Certiorari
- iii. Habeas Corpus
- iv. Mandamus

4) Which body can plan and move the amendment which resulted in the below headline?



- i. The Supreme Court
- ii. The Cabinet
- iii. The Parliament
- iv. The President

5) *The opposition feels that the ruling government does not have the majority in the Lok Sabha and wants to bring down the Government.*

Which of these motions will the Leader of the Opposition move?

- i. Adjournment Motion
- ii. No-confidence Motion
- iii. Motion of Thanks
- iv. Censure Motion

6) Identify the officials who form the electorate for the Vice Presidential elections in India:

P: Elected members of the Lok Sabha

Q: Elected members of the Rajya Sabha

R: The members of the Rajya Sabha

S: Elected members of State Legislative Assemblies

(a) P and Q

(b) R and S

(c) P and R

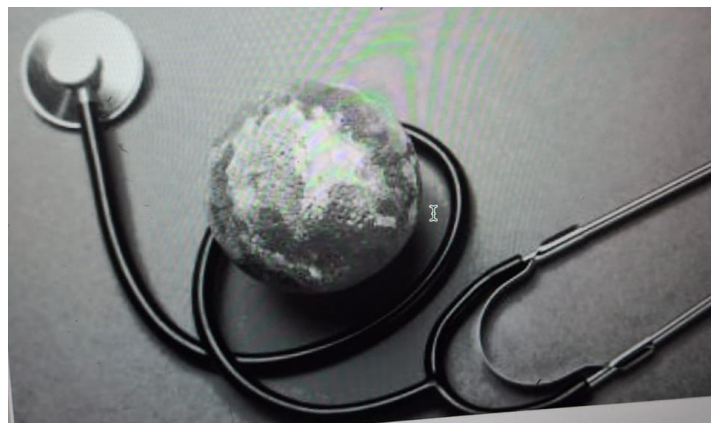
(d) Q and S

7) Read the two statements given below about the Gandhian Movement and select the option that shows the correct relationship between (A) and (R).

Assertion : (A) The Civil Disobedience Movement was renewed by Mahatma Gandhi.

Reason : (R) The Second Round Table Conference was a failure.

- (a) Both A and R are true but independent of each other
 - (b) A contradicts R
 - (c) A is true and leads to R.
 - (d) R is the reason for A
- 8) The government of Country X has introduced a law similar to the Indian Arms Act. What will be result of this Act on citizens?
- (a) They can be arrested without a warrant
 - (b) They cannot publish anything against the government.
 - (c) They cannot carry arms without a licence
 - (d) They can be punished without a trial
- 9) The provision to frame the Constitution came from -
- (a) The Cabinet Mission Plan
 - (b) The Cripps Mission
 - (c) The Simon Commission
 - (d) The Indian Independence Act
- 10) Which of the following **agencies of the United Nations** is connected with this picture?



- (a) UNESCO
 - (b) UNICEF
 - (c) WHO
 - (d) UNDP
- 11) Identify the **ODD ONE OUT** of the following objectives of the League of Nations:
- (a) To prohibit the states from entering into secret treaties
 - (b) To promote cultural and socio economic cooperation
 - (c) To protect and advance the political rights of nations
 - (d) All states must respect each other's independence
- (12) The school has organized a panel discussion on girl education. In the discussion, which of the following names would **MOST LIKELY** feature?
- (a) Surendranath Banerjee
 - (b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy

(c) Dadabhai Naoroji

(d) Jyotiba Phule

13) Which of the following policies is **NOT** aligned with the ideologies of Mussolini?

(a) Prioritising military expansion

(b) Promoting racist policies

(c) Hosting an anti-communist seminar

(d) Holding pro-democracy rallies

14) Which of the following statements about Subash Chandra Bose is **NOT** true?

(a) He gave the slogan 'Jai Hind '

(b) He was the President of the Congress twice

(c) He gave the slogan 'Delhi Chalo'

(d) He presided over the historic Lahore Session of Congress

15) The *Triple Alliance* consisted of –

(a) Italy, Germany, Austria

(b) Austria, Russia, France

(c) France, Britain, Russia

(d) Russia, Germany, Britain

16) Sahiba notices that the students in her school are littering the school ground. Instead of criticising the students, she takes inspiration from the methods of the Early Nationalists.

Which method will she **MOST LIKELY** follow with regard to the students, who are littering the ground?

(a) Beat the students

(b) Ask other students to boycott them

(c) Write a petition to the Principal

(d) Sacrifice her time and clean the ground.

Question 2

Read the given news carefully:

Opposition MPs, in this case, largely the Congress legislature party is mooted an idea of a resolution against Lok Sabha Speaker Om Birla, for being “unfair” to the opposition.

Source: The Hindu, March 29th 2023

- (i) What is the consequence when the Lok Sabha passes a resolution against the Speaker? Who elects the Speaker? [2]
- (ii) Mention any two reasons for the formation of the **United Nations Organisation**? [2]
- (iii) Imagine you were an artisan, in the year 1856. Mention any two ways in which the economic policies of the British would have affected you. [2]
- (iv) Give any two reasons for the acceptance of the Mountbatten Plan [2]
- (v) Mention any two factors that led to the formation of the Muslim League with regards to the role of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan. [2]
- (vi) List the objectives of the INA [2]
- (vii) How does the promotion of *Swadeshi* programme under the Non-Cooperation movement make a country self-reliant? [2]

PART II [50marks]

SECTION A

Attempt any two questions from this Section

Question 3

The Union Legislature of India is not only the law making body, but the centre of all democratic political process.

With reference to the Parliament, answer the following questions:

- (i) Mention any three disciplinary functions of the Lok Sabha Speaker. [3]
- (ii) Mention the term of office of the Rajya Sabha [3]
- iii) Write short notes on: [4]
- a) Quorum
- b) Question Hour

Question 4

‘The Supreme Court is at the Apex of The Indian Judicial System’ :With reference to this, answer the following questions:

- i) Describe the process of impeachment of the Supreme Court Judge [3]
- (ii) Mention any three cases under the *Original Jurisdiction* [3]
- (iii) What is meant by the following terms?

(a) Court of Record (b) Revisory Jurisdiction [4]

Question 5

The President of India is the nominal head of the Union Administration.;

With reference to the President of India, answer the following questions:

(i) What is the term of office of the President? Give two reasons for the indirect election of the President [3]

(ii) Elucidate the three kinds of Emergencies which the President can declare. [3]

(iii) State any four legislative powers of the President [4]

SECTION B

Attempt any three questions from this Section

Question 6

The **Indian Rebellion of 1857** was a major revolt against the rule of the British East India Company. With reference to this, answer the following questions:

(i) Mention any three political causes for the Revolt. [3]

(ii) Mention any three terms of the *Subsidiary Alliance*. [3]

(iii) Mention any four changes made in the administration after the Revolt. [4]

Question 7

‘The Britishers encouraged the communal forces to wreck the national movement from within, it led to the rise of communal trend and the formation of the Muslim League.’ In this regard answer the following questions:

(i) Discuss the factors that led to the formation of the Muslim league. [3]

(ii) Mention any three objectives of the Muslim league? [3]

(iii) Elaborate on the significance of the Lucknow Pact [4]

Question 8

The Gandhian Era was responsible for a mass uprising against the British. With reference to the role of **Mahatma Gandhi in the national movement**, answer the following questions:

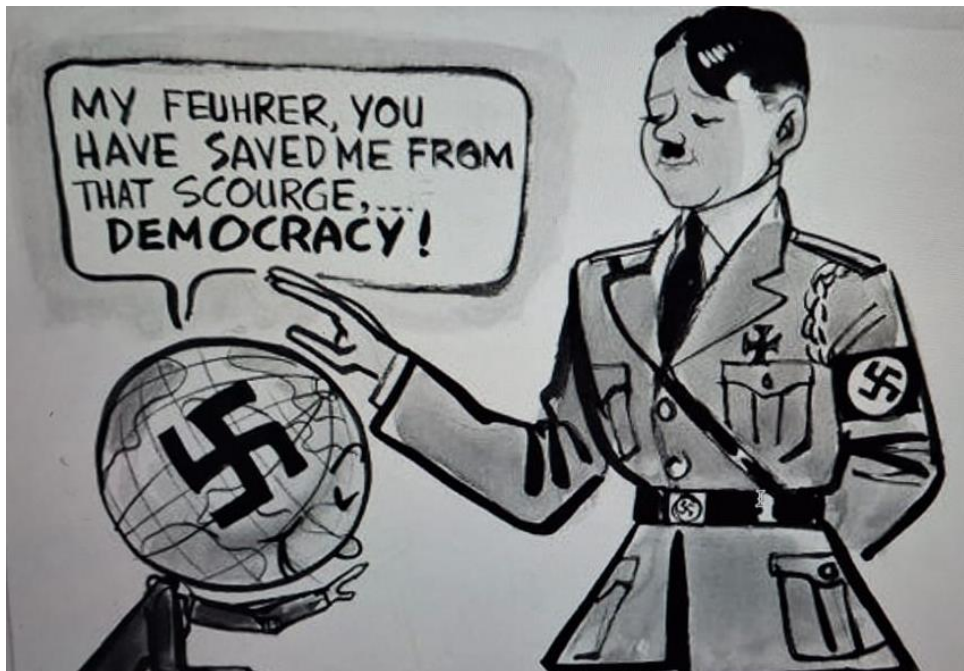
(i) Elucidate the programme of the Non-Cooperation Movement with regards to the Boycott programme highlighting any three features [3]

(ii) State the unjust laws of the Rowlatt Act [3]

(iii) Why had Gandhiji suspended the Non Cooperation Movement? Elaborate [4]

Question 9

Look at the picture given below and answer the questions that follow:



- (i) Identify the man in the picture. Elucidate his invasion of Poland [3]
- (ii) List any three terms of the **Treaty of Versailles** that led to the second world war [3]
- (iii) Write a short note on the attack on **Pearl harbour** [4]

Question 10

The United Nations Organisation aims to maintain international peace. With reference to this, answer the following:

- (i) Mention any three functions of the General Assembly [3]
- (ii) Give the full form of **UNESCO**; Mention any two ways in which it preserves **culture** [3]
- (iii) What is the composition of the International Court of Justice? Mention any two of its functions [4]