

Greenlawns School, Worli  
Final Examination  
History/Civics

Std: IX  
Marks: 80

Date: 18/02/26  
Time: 2 hrs

---

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.  
The first 10 minutes are allotted for reading the question paper.  
The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in the brackets.  
Attempt all questions from Part I (*Compulsory*).  
A total of **five questions** are to be attempted from part II, **two** out of **three** questions from section A and **three** out of **five** questions from section B

PART I (30 marks)  
Attempt all questions from this Part

Question 1

Choose the correct option:

[16]

1. Ajmer Sharief is the holy shrine of which sufi saint?

- (a) Ali Moinuddin Chishti
- (c) Khwajah Moinuddin Chishti
- (b) Khwajah Khan Aulia
- (d) Ali Shah Suhrawardi

2. Identify the oldest European Church in India:

- (a) St. Francis Church
- (b) St. Vasco Church
- (c) St. Francisco Church
- (d) St. Anglico Church

3. Which language was originally known as 'Zaban-e-Hindvi'?

- (a) Hindi
- (b) Urdu
- (c) Sanskrit
- (d) Persian

4. (A) Chandragupta Maurya defeated Greek general Seleucus.

(R) The Greek historian Athenacus called Ashoka a 'slayer of foes.'

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (b) (R) is the reason for (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other.

5. (A) The land revenue was the chief source of income in the Mauryan empire.  
(R) Bhaga was a religious tribute in the Mauryan empire.

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (b) (R) is the reason for (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other

6. (A) Unlike the Mauryan Empire, the Gupta administration was decentralised in nature.

(R) Local kings and smaller chiefs ruled a large part of the Gupta empire.

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (b) (R) is the reason for (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other.

7. (A) Unlike the earlier phase in history, the Gupta temples were not made of perishable material.

(R) The Gupta period marked the beginning of writing of important works like the *Puranas*.

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (b) (R) is the reason for (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other

8. The Rajasthani princess Mirabai's poetry in the form of devotional songs to Lord Krishna is known as:

- (a) Krishna Bhajans

(b) Bhaktigeet

(c) Padavali

(d) Mirageet

9. *Sant Jnaneswar's* commentary on the Bhagvad Gita is called

(a) *Jnaneswari*

(b) *Bhavartha Dipika*

(c) Both (a) and (b)

(d) None of the above.

10. Which Sufi saint believed that renunciation of the world and service to humanity draws a person close to God?

(a) Hazrat Ali

(b) Hazrat Shan

(c) Hazrat Khan

(d) Hazrat Nizamuddin

11. Right to Freedom is a cluster of six essential freedoms and their protection. But the State can make laws to impose limitations on these rights. Which of the following can be a limitation?

a) No one can displace tribal communities and settle in their territory despite the right to settle in any part of the country.

b) The government can prescribe certain minimum educational qualifications for entry into a job.

c) No person can be deprived of his / her life and liberty.

d) All of them.

12. Which of the following statements about the election to the Municipal Corporation are correct?

(P): Members are elected directly from the municipal areas called Wards on the basis of Universal Adult Franchise.

(Q): Members are nominated by the Members of Legislative Assemblies.

(R): The number of representatives depends on the population of the city and are elected for a period of 5 years.

(S): It cannot be dissolved before the completion of its term.

(a) P and Q

(b) P and R

(c) R and S

(d) Q and R

13. (A) Renaissance led to the use of local languages instead of Latin.

(R) During Renaissance, the authors dwelt on spiritual themes.

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (b) (R) is the reason for (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other

14. (A) Renaissance led to the Reformation Movement in England and Europe.

(R) During the Renaissance period, there occurred a division of the Church into two sects- Catholics and the Protestants.

- (a) (R) contradicts (A)
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (b) (A) is the reason for (R)
- (d) (A) and (R) are independent of each other

15. Where was the Panchayati Raj System inaugurated?

- (a) Nagaur, Rajasthan
- (b) Amritsar, Punjab
- (c) Ajmer, Rajasthan
- (d) Bhatinda, Punjab

16. Bhushan is a resident of Kumri village. The water supply to his home is erratic, whom should he go to for redressal of his water problem?

- (a) Gram Panchayat
- (c) Panchayat Samiti
- (b) Nyaya Panchayat
- (d) Gram Sabha

#### Question 2

- i) Name the two books authored by Aryabhatta [2]
- ii) State any four poetic or dramatic works of Kalidasa [2]
- iii) Give an account of the discoveries of any two navigators and explorers during the Renaissance period after the capture of Constantinople [2]
- iv) Mention King Henry's Act against the Papacy [2]
- v) State any four plays composed by William Shakespeare [2]
- vi) Explain the term By-Election [2]
- vii) Mention the names of the composers of the following works: [2]
  - a) *The Prince* b) *Divine Comedy* c) *The Canterbury Tales* d) *Utopia*

PART II  
SECTION A

Answer any **two** questions from this section

Question 3

*'The Nyaya Panchayats exist only in some states and perform judicial functions.'*

With regards to the rural local self-government, answer the following questions:

- i) State any three chief characteristics of Nyaya Panchayats [3]
- ii) Write briefly about the three-tier system of organization of the Panchayati Raj [3]
- iii) List any four administrative functions of the Gram Panchayats [4]

Question 4

*'The Fundamental Rights are given in the Part-III of the Constitution of India'*: In this regard, answer the following questions:

- i) Explain the two writs: a) Writ of Prohibition b) Quo-warranto [3]
- ii) Elaborate the Right to Freedom of Religion-under Articles 25 to 28 [3]
- iii) Elucidate the Right Against Exploitation-Articles 23 and 24 [4]

Question 5

*'Municipal Corporation is a local self-government unit in big cities'*: In this context, answer the following questions:

- i) State the composition of the municipal corporation. [3]
- ii) Mention any three functions of the Mayor [3]
- iii) List any four compulsory functions of the municipal corporation [4]

SECTION B

Answer any **three** questions from this section

Question 6

*'The period of about two centuries from early 4<sup>th</sup> Century CE is known as the Imperial Age of the Guptas'*: In this context answer the following questions:

- i) Mention any three observations of the Chinese scholar Fa-hien recalled in his accounts [3]
- ii) 'The Allahabad Pillar Inscription has described four different rulers along with Samudragupta's policies': Justify the statement [3]
- iii) Elucidate the reference made to the Nalanda University as being the most renowned university of ancient India [4]

Question 7

'The Mauryan empire beginning with Chandragupta Maurya was vast with an all-India character.' With reference to the Mauryan empire answer the following questions:

- i) List any four features of the chief advantages of the Pan-Indian Character of the Mauryan empire [3]
- ii) Give a detailed account of the military strength and the administration during the Mauryan period [3]
- iii) Write a note on the *Sanchi Stupa* [4]

#### Question 8

Bijak presents Kabir's compositions in a simple style'; With reference to the *Composite Culture* answer the following questions:

- (i) Briefly give an account of Bijak and its three main sections [3]
- (ii) Elaborate on the significance of Guru Granth Sahib [3]
- (iii) State any four ways in which St. Francis Xavier contributed to the spread and advancement of Christianity in India [4]

#### Question 9

Study the picture given below and answer the questions that follow:



- i) Identify the structure and the artist: Mention the location too [3]

- ii) Elucidate the contribution of Nicolaus Copernicus in the field of science: State the title of his book too [3]
- iii) Write a short note on: a) Capture of Constantinople b) Role of the Printing Press [4]

#### Question 10

'The Reformation movement was against the Roman Catholic Church'; With reference to the Reformation movement answer the following questions:

- i) List any **three** constructive changes propagated by the *Council of Trent* in the Catholic Church during the Counter Reformation Movement [3]
- ii) Give a detailed account of Martin Luther's contribution to the Reformation Movement [3]
- iii) State the causes of the Reformation Movement highlighting the following factors:  
a) Economic Factors b) Ruler's Resentment [4]
-