|  | GREENLAWNS HIGH SCHOOL |  |  |  |
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|  | TERMINAL EXAMINATION YEAR 2019-2020 |  |  |  |
| SUBJECT | $:$ TECHNICAL DRAWING APPLICATIONS | CLASS | $:$ X |  |
| TIME | $: 3$ HOURS | MARKS | $: 100$ |  |

Instructions:

- You must attempt three questions from Section A and two questions from Section B.
- Each Section must be answered on separate sheet.
- All construction lines must be shown.
- All dimensions are in mm.
- The intended marks for questions are given in brackets.


## SECTION A (48 Marks) <br> (Attempt any 3)

Q. 1 Construct a suitable scale in which 5 cm line represents 2 m . Use it to draw two tangents to a circle of radius 2.65 m from a point 5.08 m away from its center.
Q.2a) Draw the Elevation, Plan and Lateral Development of a Hexagonal pyramid with its axis perpendicular to H.P.(Horizontal plane) and parallel to V.P. (Vertical Plane). One side of its base is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to V.P.
Given side of Base $=30 \mathrm{~mm}$, Axis height $=65 \mathrm{~mm}$. (Use THIRD angle method).
b) Refer Figure [1]. An arc of radius 95 mm is passing through points A and B .
$A B=87 \mathrm{~mm}$. Copy the given Figure. Find the length of the given arc by Geometrical means.


Figure[1]
Q.3a) Construct a Parabola by OBLONG method. Given Base length $=150 \mathrm{~mm}$ and

Axis height $=100 \mathrm{~mm}$.
b) Construct a quadrilateral ABCD . Given Perimeter of quadrilateral $=215 \mathrm{~mm}$
and ratio of sides $\mathrm{AB}: \mathrm{BC}: \mathrm{CD}: \mathrm{DA}=2: 3: 1: 2$, Angle $\mathrm{BCD}=120^{\circ}$. Convert it into an Isosceles triangle whose area is equal to area of quadrilateral.
Q. 4 Refer Figure (2) . Copy the given template ( Insert any six dimensions).

Q. 5 Refer Figure (3). It shows F.V and L.H.S.V of an object .Draw the oblique view when the receding axis is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the horizontal. Use scale $2: 1$ Do not insert any dimensions.


Figure[3]

## SECTION B (52 Marks)

(Attempt any two questions)
Q.6a) Refer Figure(4).It shows F.V and T.V of a cone with its axis perpendicular to
H.P and parallel to the V.P. in first angle method of projection. It is cut by a cutting plane inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to the H.P. and perpendicular to the V.P. as shown in the figure. Draw the
i) Front View .
ii) Sectional Top View.
iii)Sectional Left Hand Side View .
iv)Lateral surface Development of the retained portion.


Figure[4]
b) Refer Figure (5). It shows F.V and T.V of a square pyramid in the FIRST angle
method of projection. It is cut by a cutting plane perpendicular to H.P. and inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to V.P. as shown in the figure. Draw the
i)Sectional Front View .
ii)Top view .


Figure[5]

- Q. 7 Refer Figure (6).It shows the F.V and R.H.S.V of an object in FIRST angle method Of projection. Draw its Isometric view.(Do not insert any dimensions).


RIGHT HAND SIDE VIEW


FRONT VIEW

Figure[6]
Q. 8 Refer Figure(7). It shows a pictorial view of an object. Draw in First angle method of projection
a) Sectional Front View along A-A.
b) Top View .
c) Left hand side view .
(Insert any six dimensions)


